



Minneapolis Police Department Policy and Procedure Manual

Number:
9-100

Volume Nine – Enforcement Policies

Adult Citations and Arrests

9-113 Diplomatic and Consular Immunity

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- A. Under international and federal law, diplomatic and consular officials are granted varying degrees of immunity and personal inviolability (e.g., freedom from arrest, detention, search etc.) depending on the position they hold. However, the privilege of personal inviolability must be balanced with the responsibility of the United States and its government bodies to protect the safety of its citizens. Police authorities may intervene to the extent necessary to halt activity that poses imminent danger to the safety of the public or when it is apparent that a serious crime may otherwise be committed.
1. Diplomatic agents, family members recognized as part of their household, and members of their administrative and technical staff and their households enjoy full immunity from arrest, detention, criminal prosecution, and search of their person, property, or residence.
 2. Members of their service staff have no privileges or immunities except for immunity from prosecution for acts related to performance of their official duties. Family members of the service staff have no privileges or immunity.
 3. Family members of diplomatic agents who are also U.S. citizens have no privileges or immunities. Staff members or their families who are U.S. citizens or permanent residents of the U.S. have no privileges or immunities.
 4. Consular officials, their families and staffs have no privileges or immunity related to arrest, detention, or search and seizure. The only exception is that career consular officers enjoy immunity from arrest unless the arrest is pursuant to a felony warrant.
- B. The only authoritative document that can reliably identify a diplomatic or consular official is the identity card issued by the Department of State, Protocol Office. Other documents such as foreign diplomatic passports, U.S. diplomatic visas, tax exemption cards, or vehicle registration issued by the State Department do not conclusively indicate the diplomatic status of a person. Members presented with this type of identification should assume that the person might have some degree of immunity and attempt to verify further the diplomatic status of the person.
- C. The on-duty Watch Commander must be notified of any incidents involving diplomats or consular officials. These incidents must still be fully documented in the Police Reports. The federal government, acting through the State Department may be able to take corrective action against foreign diplomats who violate U.S. criminal law.