Five Panel Drug Testing (Information Received from Carol Jetzer, Occupational Medicine Consultants (OMC))

## Basic testing (5panel) typically screens for the following, commonly-abused drugs:

- 1) Amphetamines (speed, meth, crank, ecstasy); 2) Cannabinoids (marijuana, hash);
- **3) Cocaine** (coke, crack); **4) Opiates** (heroin, morphine, opium, codeine); **5) Phencyclidine** (PCP)

Initial Drug Cutoff Levels SCREENING	
Drug	Nanograms per Milliliter (ng/ml)
Marijuana metabolites	50
Cocaine metabolites	150
Opiate metabolites <sup>1</sup>	2000
Phencyclidine (PCP)	25
Amphetamines <sup>2</sup>	500

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Labs are permitted to initial test all specimens for 6-acetylmorphine at a 10 ng/ml cutoff  $^{2}$  Target analyte must be d-methamphetamine and the test must significantly cross-react with MDMA, MDA, and MDEA

Confirmatory Drug Cutoff Levels	
Drug	Nanograms per Milliliter (ng/ml)
Marijuana metabolite <sup>1</sup>	15
Cocaine metabolite <sup>2</sup>	100
Opiates Morphine Codeine 6-acetylmorphine 4	2000 2000 10
Phencyclidine (PCP)	25
Amphetamines Amphetamine Methamphetamine <sup>3</sup> MDMA MDA MDEA	250 250 250 250 250 250

Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol-9-carboxylic acid

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Benzoylecgonin Specimen must also contain d-amphetamine at a concentration  $\geq$  100 ng/ml

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Labs test for 6-acetylmorphine when the morphine concentration exceeds 2,000 ng/ml