
CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

And

**MINNEAPOLIS CITY
SUPERVISORS ASSOCIATION**

**LABOR AGREEMENT
SUPERVISORS UNIT**

For the Period:

January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2024

SUMMARY TABLE OF CONTENTS

GLOSSARY I

ARTICLE 1 RECOGNITION AND ASSOCIATION SECURITY 1

Section 1.01 - Recognition and Amendments to Unit 1

Subd. 1. Recognition 1

Subd. 2. Amendment to Certified Unit 1

Section 1.02 - Association Dues Check-Off 2

Subd. 1. Association Dues Payroll Deductions 2

Subd. 2. Time of Deductions 2

Subd. 3. Remittance 2

Subd. 4. General Administration 2

Subd. 5. Hold Harmless 3

Section 1.03 - Exclusive Representation 3

Section 1.04 - Association Stewards and Officers 3

Subd. 1. Number of Stewards 3

Subd. 2. Activities of Stewards 3

Subd. 3. Time Off 3

Section 1.05 - Visitation 3

Section 1.06 - Bulletin Boards 4

Section 1.07 - Association Membership 4

Section 1.08 - Equitable and Just Opportunity 4

ARTICLE 2 MANAGEMENT RIGHTS 4

ARTICLE 3 SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES 4

Section 3.01 - Scope 4

Section 3.02 - Letter of Inquiry 4

Section 3.03 - Informal Problem Resolution 5

Section 3.04 - Grievance Procedure and Timelines 5

Subd. 1. Commencement of Grievance 5

Subd. 2. Step One (Immediate Supervisor) 5

Subd. 3. Step Two (Department) 6

Subd. 4. Step Three (Director of Human Resources or Designee) 6

Subd. 5. Step Four (Regular Arbitration) 6

Subd. 6. Alternative Dispute Resolution (Joint Labor Management Decision) 7

Subd. 7. Mediation (Optional) 7

Subd. 8. Expedited Arbitration 9

Subd. 9. Time Limits/Commencement of Grievances 9

Section 3.05 - Election of Remedy 9

Subd. 1. Civil Service Rights 10

Subd. 2. Rights of Veterans 10

Subd. 3. Other Rights of Employees 10

ARTICLE 4 EMPLOYEE DISCIPLINE AND DISCHARGE 10

Section 4.01 - Just Cause 10

Section 4.02 - Progressive Discipline 10

Subd. 1. Reprimands, either oral or written; 10

Subd. 2. Suspension from duty without pay; 10

Subd. 3. Demotion in position and/or pay or discharge from employment 10

Section 4.03 - Coaching 11

Section 4.04 - Performance Improvement Plan (PIP) 11

Section 4.05 - Discharge Due Process 11

Section 4.06 - Appeals 12

Section 4.07 - Disciplinary Action Records 12

Section 4.08 - Disciplined Employee's Response	12
Section 4.09 - Right To Association Representation	12
Section 4.10 - Investigations	12
ARTICLE 5 SENIORITY	13
Section 5.01 - Seniority Defined	13
<i>Subd. 1. City Seniority Defined</i>	13
<i>Subd. 2. Classification Seniority Defined</i>	13
<i>Subd. 3. Divisional Seniority</i>	13
<i>Subd. 4. Seniority Interruptions</i>	14
<i>Subd. 5. Ties in Seniority</i>	14
Section 5.02 - System Seniority Credit	14
Section 5.03 - Loss of Seniority	14
<i>Subd. 1. Quit or Retire from Employment</i>	14
<i>Subd. 2. Discharged</i>	14
<i>Subd. 3. Laid off more than three years</i>	14
ARTICLE 6 FILLING VACANT POSITIONS	14
Section 6.01 - General Provisions	14
Section 6.02 - Job Postings and Applications	15
<i>Subd. 1. Job Postings</i>	15
<i>Subd. 2. Stated Qualifications</i>	15
<i>Subd. 3. Application for Promotion</i>	15
<i>Subd. 4. Open Job Postings</i>	15
Section 6.03 - Examination of Qualified Applicants	15
<i>Subd. 1. Examination Times</i>	15
<i>Subd. 2. Testing</i>	15
<i>Subd. 3. Examination Scores</i>	15
Section 6.04 - Eligibles and List of Eligibles	16
<i>Subd. 1. Certified List</i>	16
<i>Subd. 2. Length of Eligibility</i>	16
Section 6.05 - Selection of Certified Eligibles	16
Section 6.06 - Probationary Periods	16
Section 6.07 - Position Audit and Class Maintenance Studies	16
<i>Subd. 1. Position Audit</i>	16
<i>Subd. 2. Class Maintenance Study</i>	17
Section 6.08 - Lateral Transfers	18
<i>Subd. 1. Voluntary Lateral Transfers</i>	18
<i>Subd. 2. Involuntary Lateral Transfers</i>	18
<i>Subd. 3. Seniority Upon Involuntary Transfer</i>	18
<i>Subd. 4. Pay Upon Involuntary Transfer</i>	18
<i>Subd. 5. Involuntary Transfer Probationary Periods</i>	18
<i>Subd. 6. Temporary Assignments Across Classifications</i>	19
<i>Subd. 7. Permanent Reassignment</i>	19
Section 6.09 - Temporary, Permit and Detail Employees	19
<i>Subd. 1. Temporary Employees</i>	19
<i>Subd. 2. Permit Employees</i>	19
<i>Subd. 3. Detail Employees</i>	19
ARTICLE 7 LAYOFF AND RECALL FROM LAYOFF	20
Section 7.01 - Layoffs and Bumping	20
<i>Subd. 1. General Order of Layoff</i>	20
<i>Subd. 2. Layoff Based on Classification Seniority</i>	20
<i>Subd. 3. Bumping and Displacement</i>	21
<i>Subd. 4. Pay Upon Bumping</i>	21
Section 7.02 - Notice of Layoff	21

Section 7.03 - Recall from Layoff	21
Section 7.04 - Application and Scope	21
Section 7.05 - Exceptions	22
<i>Subd. 1. Mutual Agreement</i>	22
<i>Subd. 2. Emergency Retention</i>	22
<i>Subd. 3. Limitations on Ability to Drive</i>	22
ARTICLE 8 WAGES AND PAYROLLS	22
Section 8.01 - Classifications and Rates of Pay	22
<i>Subd. 1. General</i>	22
<i>Subd. 2. Job Classification System</i>	22
Section 8.02 - Pay Progressions	23
Section 8.03 - Advances and Transfers	23
<i>Subd. 1. Pay Upon Promotion</i>	23
<i>Subd. 2. Pay Upon Transfer</i>	24
<i>Subd. 3. Pay Upon Demotion</i>	24
Section 8.04 - Payrolls and Pay Days	24
Section 8.05 - Benefits Calculations and Accruals	24
Section 8.06 - Shift Differential	24
<i>Subd. 1. Non-exempt employees</i>	24
<i>Subd. 2. Exempt employees</i>	25
<i>Subd. 3. Law Enforcement Support Job Classifications</i>	25
<i>Subd. 4. Extended Absences</i>	25
<i>Subd. 5. Paid Leaves</i>	25
<i>Subd. 6. Amount</i>	25
ARTICLE 9 HOURS OF WORK AND OVERTIME	25
Section 9.01 - Work Day and Work Week Defined	25
<i>Subd. 1. Normal Work Day and Work Week</i>	25
<i>Subd. 2. Meals, Rest Periods and Paid Lunch</i>	26
<i>Subd. 3. Notice of Changes Required</i>	26
Section 9.02 - Work Assignments	26
<i>Subd. 1. Divisional Seniority</i>	27
Section 9.03 - Overtime	27
<i>Subd. 1. Overtime Work and Pay – Non-Exempt Employees</i>	27
<i>Subd. 2. Scheduled Overtime</i>	29
<i>Subd. 3. Regular Rate of Pay and Overtime Calculations</i>	29
<i>Subd. 4. No Duplication</i>	29
Section 9.04 - On Call Pay, Court Stand-By Pay, and Mandatory Meeting Pay	30
<i>Subd. 1. On Call</i>	30
<i>Subd. 2. Being Available Status</i>	30
<i>Subd. 3. On Call Status</i>	30
<i>Subd. 4. On Call Pay and Call Back Pay</i>	30
<i>Subd. 5. Court Stand-By Pay</i>	30
<i>Subd. 6. Mandatory Meeting Pay</i>	31
Section 9.05 - Administrative Leave	31
<i>Subd. 1. Eligibility</i>	31
<i>Subd. 2. Accrual of Administrative Leave</i>	31
<i>Subd. 3. Use of Administrative Leave</i>	31
Section 9.06 - Special Assignment Compensation	32
Section 9.07 - Workload Fairness Committee	32
Section 9.08 - Emergency Closings	32
ARTICLE 10 VACATIONS	33
Section 10.01 - Vacations With Pay	33
Section 10.02 - Eligibility: Full-Time Employees	33

<i>Subd. 1. Credit During Authorized Leaves of Absence</i>	33
<i>Subd. 2. Credit During Involuntary Layoffs</i>	33
<i>Subd. 3. Credit During Periods on Disability Pension</i>	33
<i>Subd. 4. Credit During Military Leaves of Absence</i>	33
Section 10.03 - Eligibility: Intermittent and Part-Time Employees	33
Section 10.04 - Vacation Benefit Levels	34
Section 10.05 - Vacation Accruals and Calculation	35
<i>Subd. 1. Accruals and Maximum Accruals</i>	35
<i>Subd. 2. Vacation Usage and Charges Against Accruals</i>	35
Section 10.06 - Vacation Pay Rates	35
<i>Subd. 1. Normal</i>	35
<i>Subd. 2. Detailed (Working Out of Class) Employees</i>	35
Section 10.07 - Scheduling Vacations	35
<i>Subd. 1. General</i>	35
<i>Subd. 2. Vacation Prior to Retirement</i>	36
ARTICLE 11 HOLIDAYS	36
Section 11.01 - Holidays With Pay	36
Section 11.02 - Eligibility and Pay	36
<i>Subd. 1. Eligibility</i>	36
<i>Subd. 2. Holiday Pay and Rate</i>	36
<i>Subd. 3. Holidays During Vacation and Sick Leave</i>	36
Section 11.03 - Holidays Defined	37
Section 11.04 - Holidays Worked	37
<i>Subd. 1. Holidays Worked; Normal</i>	37
<i>Subd. 2. Non-Exempt Employees Who Regularly Work Weekends</i>	37
<i>Subd. 3. Certain Public Health and Safety Employees</i>	38
Section 11.05 - Religious Holidays	38
ARTICLE 12 LEAVES OF ABSENCE WITHOUT PAY	38
Section 12.01 - Leaves of Absence Without Pay	38
Section 12.02 - Leaves of Absence Governed by State or Federal Law	38
<i>Subd. 1. Military Leave</i>	38
<i>Subd. 2. Appointive and Elective Office Leave</i>	39
<i>Subd. 3. Association Leave</i>	39
<i>Subd. 4. School Conference and Activities Leave</i>	39
<i>Subd. 5. Family and Medical Leaves</i>	39
Section 12.03 - Leaves of Absence Governed by This Agreement	39
<i>Subd. 1. Temporary Illness or Disability</i>	39
<i>Subd. 2. Serves in Unclassified City Position</i>	39
<i>Subd. 3. Education Leave</i>	39
<i>Subd. 4. Position with Other Public Employer</i>	40
<i>Subd. 5. Candidate for Public Office</i>	40
<i>Subd. 6. Personal Convenience</i>	40
<i>Subd. 7. Budgetary Leave</i>	40
ARTICLE 13 LEAVES OF ABSENCE WITH PAY	40
Section 13.01 - Leaves of Absence With Pay	40
Section 13.02 - Bereavement Leave	40
Section 13.03 - Jury Duty and Court Witness Leave	41
Section 13.04 - Military Leave	41
Section 13.05 - Olympic Competition Leave	41
Section 13.06 - Return From Leaves of Absence With Pay	41
Section 13.07 - Organ and Bone Marrow Donor Leave	41
ARTICLE 14 SICK LEAVE	41

Section 14.01 - Sick Leave	41
Section 14.02 - Definitions	42
<i>Subd. 1. Chemical Dependency</i>	42
<i>Subd. 2. Illness or Injury in the Immediate Family</i>	42
Section 14.03 - Eligibility, Accrual and Calculation of Sick Leave	42
Section 14.04 - Sick Leave Bank - Accrual	43
Section 14.05 - Interrupted Sick Leave	43
Section 14.06 - Sick Leave Termination	43
Section 14.07 - Employees on Suspension	44
Section 14.08 - Employees on Leave of Absence Without Pay	44
Section 14.09 - Workers' Compensation and Sick Leave	44
Section 14.10 - Notification Required	44
ARTICLE 15 SICK LEAVE CREDIT PAY AND SEVERANCE PAY	44
Section 15.01 - Annual Sick Leave Credit Plan	44
Section 15.02 - Accrued Sick Leave Separation Plan	46
ARTICLE 16 GROUP INSURANCE	46
Section 16.01 - Group Health Insurance	47
<i>Subd. 1. Definitions</i>	47
<i>Subd.2. Benefit Eligibility Requirements</i>	47
Section 16.02 - Full-time Employee Benefits	47
<i>Subd. 1. Group Medical Plan and HRA/VEBA</i>	47
<i>Subd. 2. Group Dental Plan</i>	47
<i>Subd. 3. Group Life Insurance</i>	48
<i>Subd. 4. MinneFlex Plan</i>	48
<i>Subd. 5. Long Term Disability Insurance</i>	48
Section 16.03 - Metro Pass	48
ARTICLE 17 WORK RULES AND UNIFORM ACCOUNTS	48
Section 17.01 - Work Rules	48
Section 17.02 - Uniforms and Clothing Accounts	48
ARTICLE 18 DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED	49
ARTICLE 19 SAFETY	49
Section 19.01 - Mutual Responsibility	49
Section 19.02 - Safety Shoe Expense Reimbursements	49
Section 19.03 - Medical Evaluations	50
Section 19.04 - Benefits During Workers' Compensation Absences	50
Section 19.05 - Drug and Alcohol Testing	50
ARTICLE 20 SUBCONTRACTING AND PRIVATIZATION	50
ARTICLE 21 COLLECTIVE BARGAINING	50
Section 21.01 - Entire Agreement	51
ARTICLE 22 TERM OF AGREEMENT	51
Section 22.01 - Term of Agreement and Renewal	51
Section 22.02 - Post-Expiration Life of Agreement	51
SIGNATORY PAGE	53
ATTACHMENT A	1
LETTER OF AGREEMENT Reasonable Suspicion Drug and Alcohol Testing	1
ATTACHMENT B	1

LETTER OF AGREEMENT Job Bank and Related Matters 1

ATTACHMENT C 1

LETTER OF AGREEMENT Return to Work/Job Bank Program and Related Matters 1

ATTACHMENT D 1

LETTER OF AGREEMENT 2022 Health Plan 1

ATTACHMENT E 1

LETTER OF AGREEMENT Supervisor, Forensic Science Court Stand-By Pay 1

ATTACHMENT F 1

LETTER OF AGREEMENT Field Supervisor Code Compliance Traffic Schedule Change 1

ATTACHMENT G 1

LETTER OF AGREEMENT Clarification of Classification Seniority 1

ATTACHMENT H 1

**LETTER OF AGREEMENT Clarification of 7th Day Pay Calculations in Overtime Threshold
Calculations 1**

ATTACHMENT I 1

LETTER OF AGREEMENT Arbitrator Panel Maintenance 1

GLOSSARY

Administrative Leave is the authorized paid leave for exempt employees who exceed, with varying degrees of frequency, the work expectations of a normal workweek. An immediate supervisor may authorize up to three consecutive days of administrative leave and a department head may authorize up to five days of consecutive leave.

Agreement/Collective Bargaining Agreement is the document negotiated between the Employer and Association that establishes the terms and conditions of employment, including the hours of employment, the compensation, fringe benefits [excluding pensions], grievance procedures and the terms affecting the working conditions of the employees.

Alternative Dispute Resolution (Joint Labor Management Decision) is a prescribed procedure under Article 3 that allows a labor/management committee to resolve a dispute, in lieu of either mediation or arbitration.

Alternative Work Arrangements Policy enables the Employer and an employee to deviate from normal work schedules in the areas of compressed workweeks, flextime, job sharing, gradual retirement and telework.

Bidding is a process by which employees in the same job title select their assignment preference, based on most senior to least senior in the job title.

Budgetary Leave is an unpaid leave of absence and may be granted for up to ninety days or less, allowing the employer to reduce its operating budget, while the employee continues to earn credit for purposes of seniority, vacation, sick leave and group health/life insurance.

Bumping is the process where an employee whose position is consolidated or eliminated may have the option to displace a less senior employee in a classification or a previously held classification.

Bureau of Mediation Services is a state agency established to promote stable and constructive labor-management relations by assisting parties in resolving collective bargaining disputes, resolving questions of labor union representation and other related services, including the maintenance of a list of qualified labor arbitrators practicing in Minnesota.

Certified List is the names of those applicants who have passed an examination to qualify for an interview. If the examination given was a competitive, open examination, Veterans shall always be placed over the names of non-Veterans.

Certification Number is the number assigned by the Human Resources Department to each candidate on the list of eligible candidates.

Certified employee is one who has been hired by a City department from a list of eligible candidates.

City seniority is the length of uninterrupted employment with the Employer and based on the employee's initial certification date. Effective for employees hired on or after January 1, 1998, *city seniority* is defined as the length of uninterrupted employment with the Employer and based on the date of the employee's first day of employment.

Classification Date is the date an employee begins working in a position.

Classification seniority is the length of employment within a job classification and based on the employee's certification number. Effective for employees hired on or after January 1, 1998 or changing classifications on or after January 1, 1998, *classification seniority* is defined as the length of employment within a job classification and based on the date the employee began working in that classification on a permanent basis.

Classified Service is made up of job titles subject to Civil Service Commission Rules and/or Collective Bargaining Agreements.

Coaching is a management tool intended to assist supervisors and employees to learn to work together and become an effective work unit. The process is described under the guidelines and procedures established by the Employer's Department of Human Resources. See Section 4.03 of this Agreement.

Commission is the Civil Service Commission.

Consolidated Titles are position titles that may differ in specific areas of expertise and/or location but are substantially the same in terms of their primary duties and responsibilities and assigned grade level in the classification system.

Detail is the temporary assignment of a City employee to a different job class than their permanent classification. The choice of which employee is detailed to a position is at the discretion of the Employer.

Detail employee is one who temporarily replaces an employee on a leave of absence, fills a vacant position pending the selection of a permanent employee or to complete a special assignment or project.

Displacement is the process where an employee whose position is eliminated takes the position of the least senior employee holding the same classification title.

Divisional Seniority is the amount of continuous service time within a job title currently assigned to a major subdivision of a department.

Eligible Candidate is a person who has taken and passed all parts of the selection process and may be selected for hire.

Employee is each worker in the City of Minneapolis who is documented as permanent, permit, temporary, or appointed.

Employer is the City of Minneapolis or its designee. For labor contract interpretation, implementation and negotiations, the designee is the Director of Labor Relations.

Exclusive Representative means an employee organization which has been certified by the Bureau of Mediation Commissioner under Minn. Stat. 179A.12 to meet and negotiate with the Employer on behalf of all employees in the appropriate unit.

Exempt employee is an employee that is not subject to the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA).

Fact-Finding Investigation is a formal procedure in which representatives of the employer question employees about concerns or issues brought to the employer's attention. Employees who are requested to attend fact-findings should be told they can bring union representation to the meetings.

Field Operation Supervisors are supervisors within the meaning of Minn. Stat. 179A.03, Subd. 17, whose duties and responsibilities require them to direct employees involved in constructing and maintaining City infrastructure (including property, fleet, material inventories and stores, set up and maintenance at the Convention Center), the enforcement of City regulations outside the confines of City office areas, property assessment, and any other practical work area within City operations, excluding staff support services such as IT, human resources, finance, office support and those supervisors who are excluded in the Recognition provision of the collective bargaining agreement.

Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) is a federal law that requires the employer to grant leaves of absence of up to twelve weeks in any twelve-month period. See Section 12.02 (Subd. 5).

Furlough is an employer mandated unpaid leave limited to unanticipated reductions in revenue, not controlled by the Mayor and City Council after there is an adopted balanced budget.

titles within the City classification structure (e.g. MCSA represents Field Operations Supervisors, ranging from Grade 7 through Grade 12).

Grant funded employee is one who is officially informed prior to their employment that they will fill a grant funded position and that they will be employed on a permanent basis for the duration of the grant only and where the grant must fund at least fifty (50) percent of the position.

Grievance is a method to address alleged violation(s) to the proper interpretation or application of the express terms and provisions of the collective bargaining agreement.

Incumbent employee is the existing holder of a specific position.

Job Bank is a program negotiated between the City and a coalition of unions/associations that provides City employment opportunities for employees whose positions are eliminated due to resource allocation (budget) changes (including organizational restructuring of departments) as well as retraining and out-placement support for a set period of time.

Job Class is one or more positions sufficiently similar with respect to duties and responsibilities so that the same descriptive title may be used to designate each position assigned to the class; the same minimum qualifications are needed for performance of the duties of the class; and the same schedule of pay is applied to all positions in the class.

Job Class Series are groups of occupational classifications that build on the lower graded classification through increasing requirements for knowledge and experience.

Job Class Specification is a written statement describing typical duties; responsibilities; entrance qualification standards and knowledge, abilities, and skills required for a class of positions.

Job Class Title is the official title of each position and used on all official records and reports relating to the position.

Job Classification System classifies jobs as required by Civil Service Rule 4 and it is to be administered fairly and objectively, by evaluating positions using professionally developed standards equally applied to all positions without bias.

Job Evaluation is the process of analyzing each positions' or group of positions' duties and responsibilities being performed to determine the level of responsibility, the differences and similarities of the duties to those other related positions, and the most appropriate job class and level.

Job sharing employees are two or more employees that fill one position.

Just Cause is the contractual obligation negotiated by the Employer and Association that forms the basis in all disciplinary actions, up to and including termination.

Laid-off employee is one who no longer works for the City because their permanent position was abolished due to lack of funding or lack of work and who may be eligible to be recalled to employment. Employees who take a different position in the Job Bank after being notified of an impending layoff shall be considered a laid-off employee for purposes of recall.

Layoff is the reduction in the number of employees due to a lack of work or lack of funds.

List of Eligible Candidates is the names of all candidates who pass a pre-selection examination(s) and are ranked from highest to lowest according to final scores. For the purposes of this agreement, "list of eligible candidates" shall be synonymous to "requisition list."

Management Rights include, but are not limited to, such areas of discretion or policy as the functions and programs of the Employer, its overall budget, utilization of technology, the organizational structure, selection of personnel, and direction and the number of personnel.

Mediation is an attempt to bring about a mutually agreeable solution to a grievance.

Non-exempt employee is an employee that is subject to the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA).

Operational Seniority is for operational purposes, i.e., circumstances when seniority is used as a means for determining the operational hierarchy (selection of shifts, schedules, vacation, etc.) an employee returning to a previously held title shall not receive credit for previous service unless recalled or returned due to the failure to complete probation.

Performance Improvement Plan is an effort to improve performance or modify behavior, following the guidelines and procedures as established by the Employer's Human Resources Department. See Section 4.04 of this Agreement.

Permanent Employee is an employee in the classified service who has successfully completed their initial hire probationary period.

Permanent full-time employee is one who, as a general rule, works at least 80% of each normal work week.

Permit Employee is a temporary employee filling a funded position to replace an employee on paid or unpaid leave of absence, or to fill a vacant position pending the selection of a permanent employee.

Predetermination Meeting also known as a "Loudermill hearing," is a legally required meeting that allows the employee to correct factual mistakes and/or offer mitigating information or documents related to the allegations.

Position Audit may be initiated by Human Resources or by employees who believe that their individual position has changed due to gradual changes over a period of time in the kind, responsibility, or difficulty of the work performed, to assure proper classification.

Probationary Period is a period after appointment during which a new, promoted, transferred or Job Bank employee demonstrates fitness for the position by performing the duties of the position.

Progressive Discipline is a system of incremental discipline for the purposes of correcting behavior; resolving employee performance problems when training, coaching, or Performance Improvement Plans have not been successful; discouraging further misconduct; or building an appropriate legal file. Where employee behavior is a severe violation of rules, regulations or laws (such as theft, assault, bribery or other criminal or dishonest activity), the Employer may invoke higher degrees of discipline, including termination.

Promotional Examination is a selection tool limited to employees in the classified service who meet the minimum qualifications as established by the Employer's Human Resources Department and communicated in the Job Posting.

Reasonable Suspicion is a basis for forming a belief based on specific facts and rational inferences drawn from those facts. For the purposes of this agreement, it shall relate to an employee's performance of their job duties that form the basis for the Employer to require the employee to undergo drug and alcohol testing, as established in the Reasonable Suspicion Drug and Alcohol Testing Letter of Agreement.

Reassignment is an employee transfer to a new position and/or duty location within their job classification at a time determined appropriate by the Employer, by means of the Job Bank. Employees may also be temporarily reassigned and will continue to accrue seniority and other benefits in their permanent classification, but not in the temporary assignment.

Recall List is a list of employees who were laid off and who may return to the same job class for which they were certified within three years of their layoff without examination. Employees who accept a position out of the Job Bank or who bump into a previously held position, or leave City employment retain recall rights to the title they previously held. Where multiple incumbents are laid off in the same job title, recall shall be done by seniority.

Requisition is a department request for names of eligible candidates to fill an authorized vacancy.

Return to Work Job Bank is the third phase of the process used to assist an injured worker in returning to a different job within the City if the employee is unable to perform the essential functions of their previously certified position. If the employee is unable to find a position after one hundred twenty (120) calendar days, the injured employee will be separated from City service.

Special Assignment Compensation is additional monetary compensation for an employee who, at the request of the Employer, temporarily assumes responsibility for a specific project or other job duties that represent a substantial addition to the duties and responsibilities generally associated with the employee's position. Disputes involving the work assignment are not grievable, but can be brought before the Workload Fairness Committee.

Temporary employee is one who is employed to address temporary increases in workloads, not associated with a vacant position and an expected duration of six (6) months or less.

Tennessee Warning also known as the Data Practices Advisory, is a written notice provided to enable an individual to make an informed decision about whether to provide private or confidential information about her/himself, and the particular agencies and entities which may be entitled to the information provided to the Employer. Under state law, the employee is required to sign this document and have it witnessed.

Transfer is the movement of an employee from one position to another position of the same job title in another department/division or to another classification within the same pay grade without examination. Such transferred employees shall serve a six (6) month probationary period in the new position.

Veteran is a citizen of the United States or a resident alien who has been separated under honorable conditions from any branch of the armed forces of the United States after having served on active duty for one-hundred and eighty-one (181) consecutive days, or by reasons of disability incurred while serving on active duty, or who has met the minimum active duty requirement as defined by Code of Federal Regulations, Title 38, Section 3.12a, or who has active military service certified under Section 401, Public Law Number 95-202. The active military service and a discharge under honorable conditions must be issued by the Secretary. (As defined under Minnesota Statutes and may be amended by the State Legislature from time to time)

Veterans Preference is an advantage granted to veterans by federal or state law.

Workload Fairness Committee is a committee of three (3) members appointed by the Association and three (3) members appointed by the Employer to resolve disputes regarding the assignment of duties, accrual of Administrative Leave or the granting of Special Assignment Compensation. The Committee's decisions are final and binding, and committee members are appointed on a case-by-case basis.

LABOR AGREEMENT

Between

CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

and

MINNEAPOLIS CITY SUPERVISORS ASSOCIATION

THIS AGREEMENT, hereinafter referred to as the *Labor Agreement* or the *Agreement*, is made and has been entered into effective the 1st day of January, 2022 by and between the City of Minneapolis, the *Employer*, and Minneapolis City Supervisors Association, the *Association*. The Employer and the Association, the *Parties*, agree to be bound by the following terms and provisions:

ARTICLE 1

RECOGNITION AND ASSOCIATION SECURITY

Section 1.01 - Recognition and Amendments to Unit

Subd. 1. Recognition

The Employer recognizes the Association as the sole and exclusive certified collective bargaining representative for supervisory employees in the classified service whose job duties include field operations supervision for the City of Minneapolis, who are public employees within the meaning of Minn. Stat. 179A.03, Subd. 14 and Subd. 17, excluding non-supervisors; appointed personnel, supervisors who are confidential, sworn personnel, licensed professional engineers, and all clerical supervisors. The Human Resources Department will maintain an updated list of titles represented by the Association and with agreement by the Association.

Subd. 2. Amendment to Certified Unit

Disputes which arise between the Employer and the Association over the inclusion or exclusion of any job classifications may be referred by either Party to the Commissioner, Bureau of Mediation Services, State of Minnesota, for determination in accordance with applicable statutory provisions. Determination by the Commissioner shall be subject to such review and determination as is provided by statute and such rules and regulations as are promulgated there under. In the event the Employer has established a new job classification which is added to the bargaining unit by agreement between the Parties or by determination of the Commissioner, Bureau of Mediation Services, State of Minnesota, the Parties agree to negotiate with one another concerning wages and such other terms and conditions of employment as may be applicable to the position and which are not covered by this Agreement. However, it is agreed that all other terms and provisions of the Agreement shall apply to the new job classification.

Section 1.02 - Association Dues Check-Off

Subd. 1. Association Dues Payroll Deductions

In recognition of the Association as the exclusive representative, the Employer shall deduct an amount sufficient to provide the payment of the regular monthly Association membership dues uniformly established by the Association from the wages of all employees who have authorized, in writing, such deduction on a form designated and furnished by the Association. The Association shall certify to the Employer, in writing, the current amount of regular monthly membership dues which it has uniformly established for all members. Such deductions shall be cancelled by the Employer upon a written request (email acceptable) made by the involved employee to the appropriate departmental payroll office with a copy to the Association.

Subd. 2. Time of Deductions

The Employer shall deduct Association dues each payroll period. In the event an employee covered by the provisions of this section has insufficient pay due to cover the required deduction, the Employer shall have no further obligations to effect subsequent deductions for the involved payroll period.

Subd. 3. Remittance

The Employer shall remit such Association dues deductions made pursuant to the provisions of this section to the appropriate designated officer of the Association by the fifteenth (15th) of the month following the month of the deduction along with a list of the names of the employees from whose wage deductions were made and not made.

Subd. 4. General Administration

The following shall be applicable to the administration of the provisions of this section:

- a. All certifications from the Association as to the amounts of deductions to be made as well as notifications by the Association and/or bargaining unit employees as to changes in deductions must be received by the Employer at least fourteen (14) calendar days in advance of the date upon which the deduction is scheduled to be made in order for any change to be effected.
- b. The Employer shall, upon the request of the Association, but no more frequently than once each calendar quarter, provide the Association with a report showing the names of those employees in the bargaining unit along with their classifications and department locations, mailing addresses of record, Association code, current rates of pay, and classification/City seniority grades, and OTC codes.
- c. When an employee on the dues deduction transfers from one work location within the bargaining unit to another, the deduction of dues shall not be terminated except as directed by the involved employee.
- d. No other employee organization shall be granted payroll deduction of dues for employees covered by the Agreement without the express written permission of the Association.

Subd. 5. Hold Harmless

The Association agrees to indemnify, defend and hold the Employer, its officers, agents and employees harmless against any and all claims, suits, orders or judgments brought or issued against the Employer, its officers, agents and employees as a result of any action taken or not taken in compliance with the specific provisions of this section or which are taken or not taken at the request of the Association.

Section 1.03 - Exclusive Representation

The Employer shall not enter into any agreements with the employees covered by this Agreement either individually or collectively or with any other employee organization which in any way conflicts with the terms and provisions of this Agreement. Further, the Employer shall meet and negotiate, pursue the resolution of grievances and conduct arbitration proceedings only with the properly designated representative(s) of the Association.

Section 1.04 - Association Stewards and Officers

The Association may designate certain bargaining unit employees to act as stewards and shall certify to the Employer, in writing, their names, along with the names of business representatives and/or officers of the Association who shall be authorized by the Association to investigate and present grievances. The Employer agrees to recognize such representatives, subject to the following:

Subd. 1. Number of Stewards

The Association may designate one (1), but no more than one (1), steward on each shift for each of the Employer's principal work areas from among those employees who work therein.

Subd. 2. Activities of Stewards

Designated and certified stewards shall be granted reasonable time off, with pay, in order to investigate and/or present grievances to the Employer during their normal working hours. Such stewards, however, shall not leave their work stations without first obtaining the permission of their immediate supervisor and shall notify their immediate supervisor upon returning to work. The permission of the supervisor shall not be denied without good cause. When the Parties agree that it is mutually beneficial to have an officer of the Association participate in such presentation and/or investigation, such officer shall also be authorized time off with pay for this purpose. Stewards and other representatives of the Association shall not interfere in any way with the Employer's operation or with the performance of work by its employees. Nothing in this paragraph, however, shall be construed to limit the proper presentation of grievances provided for by this subdivision.

Subd. 3. Time Off

The Employer must afford reasonable time off to elected officers or appointed representatives of the Association to conduct the duties of the Association.

Section 1.05 - Visitation

With notice to an available supervisor at a worksite, non-employee representatives of the Association who have been certified to the Employer may come on the worksite for the purpose of investigating and

presenting grievances. The Association agrees there shall be no solicitation for membership, signing up of members, collection of initiation fees, dues, fines or assessments, meetings or other Association activities on the Employer's time by such non-employee representatives, the Association's stewards or any officers of the Association.

Section 1.06 - Bulletin Boards

The Employer shall provide for the Association's use, reasonable space on designated bulletin boards for the purpose of posting official Association notices. Each posted notice shall bear the signature of the Association representative who has posted the notice and the date of the posting. Such person shall be required to remove the notice once it has served its purpose. The Association shall not post material of a political nature. Nothing herein shall limit Association access to electronic mail provided by the City, provided there is full compliance with the City E-mail Policy.

Section 1.07 - Association Membership

Employees have the right to join or to refrain from joining the Association. Neither the Employer nor the Association nor any of their respective agents or representatives shall discriminate against or interfere with the rights of employees to become or not become members of the Association, and further there shall be no discrimination or coercion against any employee because of Association membership or non-membership. The Association shall, in its responsibility as exclusive representative of the employees, represent all bargaining unit employees without discrimination, interference, restraint, or coercion.

Section 1.08 - Equitable and Just Opportunity

The Union supports the City's efforts to advance race and gender equity.

ARTICLE 2 **MANAGEMENT RIGHTS**

The Association recognizes the right of the Employer to operate and manage its affairs in all respects in accordance with applicable laws and regulations of appropriate authorities. All rights and authority which the Employer has not officially abridged, delegated or modified by the express terms and provisions of this Agreement are retained by the Employer.

ARTICLE 3 **SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES**

Section 3.01 - Scope

This article shall apply to all employees in job classes covered by the bargaining unit.

Section 3.02 - Letter of Inquiry

Any employee may file a "letter of inquiry" which requests information on the application of any of the terms and conditions of employment contained in this agreement. Such "letter of inquiry" is available from the Association. The Association shall process the letter of inquiry. Where the

Association believes it necessary, they may request in writing from the Director, Labor Relations information to enable a response to the inquiry. The information requested shall normally be provided by the Director, Labor Relations within ten (10) days of receipt of the request. In the event the information request is delayed, the Director, Labor Relations shall provide a reasonable timeline of when the request will be completed. The Association will respond to the member.

Section 3.03 - Informal Problem Resolution

From time to time, alleged violations relating to the application or implementation of this agreement may arise. Many of these alleged violations can be resolved informally.

Additionally, there may be concerns related to improper, unfair, arbitrary or discriminatory treatment, which are not technically violations of this Agreement. These concerns are referred to as “complaints.”

Any employee in the bargaining unit, with or without Association representation may informally discuss an alleged violation or a complaint on behalf of him/herself or of other members with the appropriate supervisor or with the department or division manager/director. If an employee expressly requests a discussion with an immediate supervisor, or department/division manager/director, the discussion shall be scheduled within three (3) days after requesting the meeting in writing.

An alleged violation that cannot be resolved informally is called a grievance.

Section 3.04 - Grievance Procedure and Timelines

A grievance is any matter concerning the interpretation, application, or alleged violation of any currently effective agreement between the City and the bargaining unit or an allegation of the inappropriate disciplining of an employee. For the purpose of this Article the word “day” shall mean calendar day. Grievances shall be resolved in the following manner:

Subd. 1. Commencement of Grievance

A grievance must be commenced by the Association no later than twenty-one (21) days from the discovery of the grievable event(s) or from when the event(s) reasonably should have been discovered by the employee or twenty-one (21) days from the receipt of the City’s response to a Letter of Inquiry. Grievances filed concerning suspensions, demotions and/or discharges may be initiated at Step 2 of the procedure. Labor Relations and the Association, by mutual agreement, may waive these Step requirements such that a grievance may be filed at the level at which the grievance may be resolved. Labor Relations shall notify the Department Head of any waivers. The intent of this exception is to resolve the grievance at the lowest level possible.

Subd. 2. Step One (Immediate Supervisor)

The Association shall inform the immediate supervisor of the grievance in writing on the standard grievance form.

If the Association expressly requests a discussion with the immediate supervisor concerning the written grievance, such discussion shall take place within three (3) days after filing the grievance, unless the time is mutually extended. The discussion with the immediate supervisor shall be held with the employee accompanied by an Association representative.

It is the responsibility of the supervisor to review all facts and data associated with the grievance. The investigation will be comprehensive and objective. Within ten (10) days after the grievance is filed or the discussion meeting concludes, whichever is later, the immediate supervisor shall state their decision in writing, together with the supporting reasons, and shall furnish one (1) copy to the Director, Labor Relations. Each step one decision shall be clearly identified as a “step one decision.”

Subd. 3. Step Two (Department)

If the step one decision is not satisfactory, a written appeal may be filed by the Association with the department head within ten (10) days of the date of the step one decision. A copy of the appeal shall be sent to the Director, Labor Relations.

Upon request of either party, all persons who participated at step one, or all necessary persons may have a reasonable opportunity to be heard at step two. If a meeting is requested by the Association, the department head shall schedule a meeting. Notification of at least three (3) days shall be given to the Association.

It is the responsibility of the department head or designee to review all facts and data associated with the grievance. The investigation will be comprehensive and objective. Within twenty (20) days after the meeting or the receipt of the appeal, whichever is later, the department head shall present a written decision to the Association. The step two decision shall clearly identify that answer as a “step two decision.”

Subd. 4. Step Three (Director of Human Resources or Designee)

If the step two decision is not satisfactory, a written appeal may be filed by the Association to the Director of Human Resources, or designee, within ten (10) days of the date of the step two decision. Upon request of the Association, a meeting shall be held between the Director of Human Resources or designee, and a representative of the Association. The meeting shall be scheduled by the Director of Human Resources, or designee, and held within twenty (20) days after receipt of the written appeal.

The Director of Human Resources, or designee, shall have the full authority of the Mayor and the City Council to resolve the grievance.

It is the responsibility of the Director of Human Resources or designee, to review all facts and data associated with the grievance. The investigation will be comprehensive and objective. Within twenty (20) days after the step three meeting or receipt of the step three appeal, whichever is later, the Director of Human Resources or designee shall send a written response to the Association. The step three decision shall clearly identify that answer as a “step three decision.”

Subd. 5. Step Four (Regular Arbitration)

If the Parties have not resolved the grievance within forty-five (45) calendar days after the date of the Step 3 decision, the Association may initiate the arbitration process as provided for in the following provisions of this article. The Association shall notify the Human Resources Director or designee of its intent to arbitrate the grievance. Once the Association has decided to arbitrate the matter, the Parties will identify the arbitrator pursuant to this provision, and schedule a hearing date within one hundred twenty (120) calendar days.

If the matter is to be arbitrated, a single arbitrator shall be selected from the panel of mutually agreed upon arbitrators. The arbitrator shall be selected on an alphabetical, rotational basis, with each Party having the right to exercise one strike. If the arbitrator is stricken, they will retain their position in order.

One representative of the Association, the Grievant and all necessary employee witnesses shall receive their regular salary and wages for the time spent in the arbitration proceeding, if during regular work hours.

The arbitrator shall render a written decision and the reasons, therefore resolving the grievance, and order any appropriate relief within thirty (30) days following the close of the hearing or the submission of briefs by the Parties. The decision and award of the arbitrator shall be final and binding upon the City, the Association and the employee (s) affected.

The arbitrator shall have no authority to amend, modify, nullify, ignore, add to, or subtract from the provisions of this agreement.

The arbitrator is also prohibited from making any decision that is contrary to law or to public policy.

All fees of the Arbitrator, if any, shall be equally split between the City and the Association.

Subd. 6. Alternative Dispute Resolution (Joint Labor Management Decision)

In lieu of Arbitration or Mediation the Parties may convene a joint labor management committee to resolve any grievance that is eligible for arbitration. The committee shall consist of three (3) persons appointed by the Association and three (3) persons appointed by the Director, Labor Relations who are not associated with the decision or interpretation in question, except one member appointed by the Director, Employee Services shall be the department head or their designee. Not more than one (1) Association appointee shall be from the department of origin. Meetings shall be scheduled within three (3) days of the request for the joint labor management committee. The Director, Labor Relations will chair the Committee and will intervene only to break the inability of the Committee to make a jointly supported decision or resolution.

There shall be no withholding or distortion of evidence or information within the knowledge of either party. The parties shall have up to thirty (30) minutes to present their arguments. There shall be no witnesses. The Committee shall deliberate as long as necessary and have the same authority and limitations as an arbitrator. The decision of the convened Labor Management Committee shall be final and binding upon both parties and shall not be subject to further grievance or arbitration procedures. However, the decision shall not be used as evidence or precedence in any future Grievance or Arbitration process.

Subd. 7. Mediation (Optional)

The City and the Association, by mutual agreement, may utilize the grievance mediation process in an attempt to resolve a grievance before going to arbitration.

The objective of mediation is to find a mutually satisfactory resolution to the dispute. The Parties shall mutually choose a mediator or have a mediator assigned by the Bureau of Mediation Services.

One representative of the Association, and all necessary employee witnesses shall receive their regular salaries or wages for the time spent in the grievance mediation proceeding, if during regular working hours.

- A. Arbitration time frames shall be tolled during the mediation procedure; however, there shall be no additional extensions without written mutual agreement.
- B. Grievances that have been appealed to arbitration may be referred to mediation if both the Association and the City agree in writing.
- C. Mediation conferences shall be scheduled in the order in which the grievance is appealed to mediation with the exception of suspension or discharge grievances, which shall have priority.
- D. Promptly after both Parties have agreed to mediate, the Parties shall notify the Bureau of Mediation Services. The Bureau of Mediation Services shall arrange for the conference.
- E. The mediation proceedings shall be informal in nature, and the goal will be to mediate up to three (3) grievances per day.
- F. Each party shall have one (1) principal spokesperson who will have the authority to agree upon a remedy of the grievance at the mediation conference.
- G. One (1) Grievant will have the right to be present for each grievance.
- H. The issue mediated will be the same as the issue the Parties have failed to resolve through the grievance process. The rules of evidence will not apply, and no transcript of the mediation conference shall be made.
- I. The mediator may meet separately with the Parties during the mediation conference. The mediator will not have the authority to compel the resolution of a grievance.
- J. The mediator may, upon the request of the Parties, assist in the writing of the Settlement Agreement.
- K. Written material presented to the mediator or to the other party shall be returned to the party presenting the material at the termination of the mediation conference, except that the mediator may retain on (1) copy of the written grievance to be used solely for the purposes of statistical analysis.
- L. If no settlement is reached during the mediation conference, the mediator shall provide the Parties with an immediate oral advisory opinion. The opinion will involve the interpretation or application of the collective bargaining agreement and the reasons for their opinion. The Parties may agree that no opinion shall be provided.
- M. If a settlement is reached, the settlement shall be memorialized by the Parties.
- N. The advisory opinion of the mediator, if accepted by the Parties, shall not constitute a precedent, unless the Parties otherwise agree.
- O. If no settlement is reached as a result of the mediation conference, the grievance may be scheduled for arbitration in accordance with Subd. 5 Step four (regular arbitration)

- P. In the event a grievance that has been mediated is subsequently arbitrated, no person who served as the mediator may serve as the arbitrator. In the arbitration hearing, no reference to the mediator's advice or ruling may be entered as testimony nor may either party advise the arbitrator of the mediator's advice or ruling or refer at arbitration to any admissions or offers of the settlement made by the other party at mediation.
- Q. By agreeing to schedule a mediation conference, the City does not acknowledge that the case is properly subject to arbitration and reserves the right to raise this issue notwithstanding its agreement to schedule such a conference.
- R. The fees and expenses of the mediator and mediation office, if any, shall be shared equally by the Parties.

Subd. 8. Expedited Arbitration

The Association or the City may demand expedited arbitration for any non-termination or non-class action issue that is deemed necessary because the time frame for effective resolution is so short that the normal arbitration procedure would be untimely. Upon such declaration, the Association and the City will make immediate (within twenty-four (24) hours) arrangements with the Bureau of Mediation Services for the expedited arbitration procedure and such procedure shall begin as soon as the bureau can initiate a hearing. It shall be the specific request of both the Association and the City to have a decision within fourteen (14) days of the hearing, and that no briefs will be filed.

Termination or class action grievances may be expedited by mutual agreement between the City and Association

A non-class action issue shall be defined as an issue that impacts three (3) or fewer bargaining unit members.

All fees, including the cost of transcripts, shall be equally split between the City and the Association.

Subd. 9. Time Limits/Commencement of Grievances

Time limits specified in this procedure may be extended by written mutual agreement of the Parties. The failure of the City to comply with any time limit herein means that the Association may automatically process the grievance to the next step of the grievance procedure. Failure of the Association or its employees to comply with any time limit herein renders the alleged violation untimely and no longer subject to the grievance procedure.

Section 3.05 - Election of Remedy

The parties acknowledge that the facts and circumstances which form the basis of a grievance may also form the basis of claims which may be asserted by an individual employee in other forums. The purpose of this Section is to establish limitations on the right of the Association to pursue a grievance in such situations.

Subd. 1. Civil Service Rights.

When the subject matter of a grievance to which Article 3, Settlement of Disputes applies is also within the jurisdiction of the Minneapolis Civil Service Commission the resolution of the dispute may proceed through the grievance procedure or the Civil Service appeals procedure. However, once the employee files an appeal to the Civil Service Commission, the Association's right to pursue a grievance under Article 3 is terminated.

Notwithstanding anything in the Civil Service Rules to the contrary, an employee's right to file an appeal with the Civil Service Commission expires on the later of: ten (10) days after the deadline for the Association to file a grievance under this Article; or ten (10) days after the employee has received notice from the Association of its final decision not to pursue a grievance. The Association shall provide notice to the City of such decision promptly after providing notice to the employee.

Subd. 2. Rights of Veterans.

Some employees covered by this Agreement may have the individual right to contest a removal from a position or employment under Minn. Stat. §197.46. Once an employee requests a hearing under Minn. Stat. §197.46, the Association's right to pursue a grievance under this Article is terminated.

Subd. 3. Other Rights of Employees.

No action by the Association under this Agreement shall prevent an employee from pursuing a charge of discrimination brought under Title VII, The Americans with Disabilities Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Equal Pay Act.

ARTICLE 4
EMPLOYEE DISCIPLINE AND DISCHARGE

Section 4.01 - Just Cause

Disciplinary action may be imposed upon an employee who has satisfactorily completed the initial probationary period only for just cause. Discipline shall be imposed in a timely manner.

Section 4.02 - Progressive Discipline

Disciplinary action shall normally include the following measures and, depending upon the seriousness of the offense and other relevant factors, shall normally be administered progressively in the following order:

Subd. 1. Reprimands, either oral or written;

Subd. 2. Suspension from duty without pay;

Subd. 3. Demotion in position and/or pay or discharge from employment.

However, nothing in this provision shall preclude the Parties from agreeing to other forms of intervention when deemed appropriate. Such actions shall be documented by Letter of Agreement between the

Parties. If the Employer has reason to reprimand an employee, it shall not normally be done in the presence of other employees or the public.

Section 4.03 - Coaching

Coaching is an acceptable manner in which supervisors and employees learn to work together and become an effective work unit. Coaching informally is part of everyday work efforts. If a coaching session is needed to address work results which fail to meet satisfactory quality and/or quantity standards, the supervisor will schedule a private conversation between the supervisor and employee about the performance problems, causes and solutions. The employee will be asked to develop a plan to correct the performance problem, or, if the employee asks for assistance, the supervisor will work with the employee to develop a plan (collaboratively). The supervisor will schedule follow-up sessions and document the sessions. Such sessions may be used in performance reviews, and may be the basis for an oral reprimand, following repeated coaching sessions.

Section 4.04 - Performance Improvement Plan (PIP)

The Employer may develop a Performance Improvement Plan (PIP) for an employee when the employee's performance is deficient. The PIP shall be developed and administered under guidelines and procedures established by the Employer's Department of Human Resources. An employee shall have the right to request to have an Association representative present at any conference involving the development of a PIP or discussion of a current PIP. The Employer shall advise an employee of that right prior to an initial such conference and with sufficient advance notice so as to afford the employee a reasonable opportunity to make arrangements for the attendance of an Association representative. Once a PIP is developed, the Employer shall give the employee meaningful written feedback at least once every thirty (30) days regarding the employee's progress under the PIP.

A PIP shall be effective for a reasonable period needed to satisfactorily improve the employee's performance or modify the employee's behavior, but, in any case, a PIP shall not be effective for more than twelve (12) months. An employee who fails to improve performance to a satisfactory level or whose performance becomes deficient again for the same or similar reasons within two (2) years after having completed a PIP, may be subject to discipline up to discharge from employment. At the discretion of the Employers, a PIP may be extended or modified. If the PIP is to be extended or modified, the Employer will notify the Association as soon as practical.

Section 4.05 - Discharge Due Process

No *regular employee* (i.e., an employee who has satisfactorily completed the initial probationary period) shall be discharged without having been afforded an opportunity to hear the reason(s) for the discharge and without an opportunity to offer an explanation of the relevant facts and circumstances surrounding the events which preceded the discharge and/or any extenuating or mitigating circumstances which the employee believes is relevant to the discharge decision. Whenever possible and practical, such opportunities shall be provided in a conference with the Employer which shall be conducted after advance notice to the employee and their Association representative who shall be permitted to attend the conference. If a conference is to be conducted, the involved employee(s) shall remain in pay status until the conference has been completed.

Section 4.06 - Appeals

Disciplinary actions within the meaning of this article, excluding oral reprimands, imposed upon an employee who has completed the initial probationary period, may be appealed through the grievance procedure outlined elsewhere in this Agreement. Grievances filed concerning suspensions, demotions and/or discharges may be initiated at Step 2 of such procedure. Such matters shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of the grievance procedure; and, if necessary, through the arbitration procedure.

Section 4.07 - Disciplinary Action Records

A written record of all disciplinary actions within the meaning of this article, excluding oral reprimands, shall be provided to the involved employee(s) and may be entered into the employee's personnel record. Investigations into conduct which do not result in disciplinary action, however, shall not be entered into the employee's personnel record. When a disciplinary action more severe than a written reprimand is imposed, the Employer shall notify the employee in writing of the specific reason(s) for such action at the time such action is taken and provide the Association with an informational copy. In addition, an employee may request that a written reprimand be removed from their personnel file and destroyed once during the term of their employment with the Employer provided that three (3) years have passed from the date the written reprimand was issued and there has been no subsequent discipline. Upon such a request, the matter shall be removed to a "disputed information" file kept by the Human Resources department for destruction processing. The right to have a written reprimand removed and destroyed will not exist where the underlying infraction that caused the discipline was the violation of another individual's civil rights, e.g., sexual harassment, race discrimination, gender discrimination. Such matters will remain as an active file in the employee's personnel file. Written reprimands shall not be relied upon to form the basis for further disciplinary action after two (2) years following the date of the written reprimand.

Section 4.08 - Disciplined Employee's Response

Any employee who is disciplined by written reprimand, suspension, demotion or discharge (and/or such employee's Association representative) shall be entitled to have a written response, if any, included in their personnel record, if filed with the Employer within twenty (20) calendar days of the issuance thereof.

Section 4.09 - Right To Association Representation

All employees shall have the right to request an Association representative at any conference concerning a grievance, investigation, or a complaint involving the performance or employment status of the employee. It shall be the Employer's policy to inform its managers and supervisors (a) that employees have a right to have an Association representative present, if they are formally questioned during an investigation into conduct which may lead to disciplinary action, (b) that employees should not be denied such right, and (c) that employees should be advised of such right before questioning. Such Association representative shall not be entitled to participate in such investigation except to advise and counsel the involved employee.

Section 4.10 - Investigations

In instances when it is necessary for the City to investigate the conduct of a member of the Association, the *investigation coordinator* will inform the member *in writing* and the Association of when the

investigation should reasonably conclude. Should it become necessary for the investigation to continue beyond the expected ending date communicated to the member, the investigation coordinator will inform the member and the Association of the changed circumstances and the revised completion date in writing. Upon the completion of the investigation, the employee and the Association will be informed, in writing, of the results.

Employees who have a schedule change as a result of an investigation in which they are not a party shall not have their compensation changed for the duration of the investigation, and will be returned to their previous schedule, unless the Parties agree otherwise.

Upon the completion of the investigation, including any disciplinary phase, the Employer shall review and determine the appropriateness of awarding lost compensation to any subject of an investigation who is vindicated of an allegation. The Employer reserves the right to include forfeiture of compensation as a part of the discipline for any subject of an investigation who is found to be guilty of demonstrating the alleged act(s).

ARTICLE 5 **SENIORITY**

Section 5.01 - Seniority Defined

When used in this Agreement, the terms *City seniority* and *classification seniority* shall have the meanings given them below:

Subd. 1. City Seniority Defined

City seniority is defined as the length of uninterrupted employment with the Employer and based on the date of the employee's first day of employment as a City employee.

Subd. 2. Classification Seniority Defined

Classification seniority is the date the employee began working in that classification (job title) on a permanent basis, and includes time served in the classification as a detail immediately preceding (no break in service) the hire on a permanent basis an employee's classification seniority shall continue to accrue for a permanent position if the employee promotes, transfers, and/or is laid off and recalled, and then returns to the permanent position in question. For the purpose of making distinctions among incumbents in the classification titles of Supervisor I through Supervisor 6, secondary titles shall be used.

Subd. 3. Divisional Seniority

Divisional Seniority shall be defined as the amount of continuous service time in a job title within an employee's currently assigned major subdivision of a City Department. For operational purposes, i.e., circumstances when seniority is used as a means for determining the operational hierarchy (selection of shifts, schedules, vacations, etc.), an employee shall not receive credit for previous service unless recalled, returned due to the failure to complete probation, or has a reassignment/lateral transfer that is not of the employee's choosing. Divisional Seniority shall be used to assist in the assignment process identified in Article 9, Section 9.02.

Subd. 4. Seniority Interruptions

City and classification seniority shall not be lost and shall continue to accumulate without limitation during all workers' compensation absences, budgetary leave, furlough, FMLA, military service, appointed/elected or Association leave, or an unpaid leave of six (6) months or less.

Subd. 5. Ties in Seniority

Ties in classification seniority shall be broken by City seniority. Ties in City seniority shall be broken randomly.

Section 5.02 - System Seniority Credit

Upon hiring an applicant who was previously employed by the Minneapolis Library Board, the Minneapolis Board of Education and/or the Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board, the Employer shall grant City and classification seniority credit for all purposes provided such applicant's employment is continuous between such Boards and the Employer and to the extent that such Boards afford reciprocal recognition of seniority credit to the employees covered by this Agreement.

Section 5.03 - Loss of Seniority

An employee's seniority shall only be lost and their employment shall be terminated upon the occurrence of any of the following:

Subd. 1. Quit or Retire from Employment

They quit or retire from employment with the Employer and do not rescind such action within five (5) calendar days. Civil Service Rule 13 regarding position resignation is superseded by this provision;

Subd. 2. Discharged

They are discharged and the discharge is not reversed;

Subd. 3. Laid off more than three years

They have been laid off and not actively working for the Employer for a period of three (3) years.

ARTICLE 6 **FILLING VACANT POSITIONS**

Section 6.01 - General Provisions

The following provisions respecting the filling of vacant bargaining unit positions shall be applicable in addition to other Employer-promulgated procedures to the extent that such procedures do not conflict with the provisions herein. The provisions herein shall become effective on the date notice concerning the final approval of this Agreement is published in *Finance and Commerce* and shall be applicable to all Job Postings conducted for the purpose of filling vacant bargaining unit positions. The provisions of the previous Agreement between the Parties shall be applicable to the administration of all Job Postings conducted and to all lists of eligibles in effect prior to such date.

Section 6.02 - Job Postings and Applications

Subd. 1. Job Postings

Job Postings shall not be finalized by the Employer until the Association has had an opportunity to review the proposed Job Posting and provide the Association's input into the Job Posting development process. A copy of the Job Posting in its final form shall be furnished to the Association at least seven (7) calendar days prior to its approval.

Subd. 2. Stated Qualifications

The minimum qualifications set forth in the Job Posting shall be related to the job duties of the involved position and shall include applicable education, training, experience, skills and abilities required. Such minimum qualifications shall not, however, include artificial and/or irrelevant time-in-grade, or grade level requirements.

Subd. 3. Application for Promotion

Employees may make application for any Job Posting provided they meet the minimum stated qualifications for the involved position; provided, however, that employees who have failed a promotional probationary period in a classification shall not be permitted to take an examination for promotion to that classification within twelve (12) months of the date of such failure. In the event an employee who has not completed their initial probationary period is selected for promotion, the Employer and the Association shall meet to determine the probationary period to be served in the position. Such probationary criteria shall be documented in a Letter of Agreement.

Subd. 4. Open Job Postings

The Employer may conduct an *open* and/or *promotional* Job Posting. The Employer may advertise an open position internally and externally simultaneously. For purposes of this article, applicants from the Minneapolis Library Board, the Minneapolis Board of Education and the Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board shall be considered as outside applicants.

Section 6.03 - Examination of Qualified Applicants

Subd. 1. Examination Times

When an employee is scheduled to take a Minneapolis Civil Service examination during their regular scheduled hours of duty, the Employer shall grant time off, with pay, to take the examination.

Subd. 2. Testing

Such tests shall be developed by the Employer and may consist of more than one component. The Employer may elect to test all or any percentage of the applicants for any given Job Posting on the announced basis.

Subd. 3. Examination Scores

The total examination score shall be based only upon the aggregate results of each applicant's test score for each component tested. An applicant whose total examination score equals or exceeds eighty percent (80%), shall be considered to have passed the examination.

Section 6.04 - Eligibles and List of Eligibles

Subd. 1. Certified List

The names of those applicants who have passed an examination to qualify for an interview shall be placed on a certified list. However, the names of Veterans shall always be placed over the names of non-Veterans, if the examination given was a competitive, open examination.

Subd. 2. Length of Eligibility

The Staffing Division of the Human Resources Department shall inform applicants of the length of their eligibility by stating it on the job posting and/or by letter.

Section 6.05 - Selection of Certified Eligibles

Any or all of the eligibles on a requisition list may be certified to the appointing authority for selection on promotional examinations. Any of the eligibles certified to the appointing authority may be selected to fill the vacant position.

Section 6.06 - Probationary Periods

An eligible selected to fill a vacant position shall serve an initial or promotional probationary period as applicable. All initial probationary periods shall be twelve (12) months in duration and all promotional probationary periods shall normally be six (6) months in duration provided that promotional probationary periods may be extended for up to an additional six (6) months at the discretion of the Employer with notification to the Association. An employee may be removed from the position during the probationary period at the discretion of the appointing authority. Such removal shall not be subject to the grievance/arbitration provisions of this Agreement. Removal during an employee's initial probationary period shall result in termination of employment. An employee removed during a promotional probationary period, however, shall have the right to return to a vacant position in their previous classification, or, if none is available to their previous position. Time spent in temporary duty in the position immediately preceding the appointment shall count toward satisfaction of the probationary period, benefits eligibility (without retroactivity) and pay progression requirements.

Section 6.07 - Position Audit and Class Maintenance Studies

Subd. 1. Position Audit

Unless otherwise ordered by the court of competent jurisdiction, employees who believe that their individual position has changed due to gradual changes over a period of time in the kind, responsibility, or difficulty of the work performed, may request that their position be audited to assure proper classification. To request a position audit, the employee must submit a Job Analysis Questionnaire on the form provided by the Human Resources Department. The employee will complete the questionnaire and submit it to their supervisor for review, comments and signature. The supervisor will forward it to the department head for similar action. The department head will forward the completed and signed questionnaire to the Human Resources Department. If the supervisor fails to act upon the request within 30 calendar days, the employee may forward the request to the department head with another copy provided to the supervisor. If the department head fails to respond within 30 calendar days after receiving the questionnaire, the employee may document the department's failure to provide a timely response and may then submit the study request directly to the Human Resources Department.

Requests for study of an employee's individual position may be submitted no more than once every 24 calendar months, unless the Parties agree that substantial changes have occurred in the position justifying the need for a new audit.

If the audit results in a reclassification of the individual's position no vacancy shall be deemed to have been created. Upon reclassification, to a position providing a higher maximum salary, the incumbent employee shall be appointed to the reclassified position and the incumbent employee's pay shall be determined in accordance with Section 8.03, Subd. 1 of this Agreement. The effective date of the reclassification for pay and seniority purposes shall be the date upon which the involved employee submitted a completed request for reclassification to the Employer's Human Resources Department with a copy to the involved Department Head. The provisions of this section shall apply only to the incumbent employee who has permanently certified to the involved position.

When a position is reclassified as a result of gradual changes over a period of time in the kind, responsibility, or difficulty of the work performed in a position to a classification providing a lower maximum salary, the involved incumbent employee may request that the reclassification be considered to be layoff. If so requested, the provisions of Article 7 ("Layoff and Recall From Layoff") shall be applied. In the alternative, the involved incumbent employee may elect to remain in the reclassified position and the incumbent employee's (including detailed employees who have been detailed for more than six (6) months who are selected for the position), pay shall be frozen until such time as the salary for the new classification is the same or greater than the salary as frozen, at which point the salary schedule for the classification shall govern future changes.

Subd. 2. Class Maintenance Study

The Employer may initiate class maintenance studies related to a specific class or group of positions within a department/division to maintain the integrity of the Employer's classification system. The Association may request studies. The format for these studies may include an informal survey or an in-depth study of changes in the kind, responsibility, or difficulty of work performed since the classification was last studied at the discretion of the Human Resources Department. Individuals in a studied class may not request a position study while the Maintenance Study is in progress. If the study is not completed within 120 days, the employee may request an individual position audit using the previously stated process and time frames for job audits.

If a class or group of positions is/are reclassified pursuant to a class maintenance study to a class providing a higher maximum salary, no vacancy shall be deemed to have been created. Upon reclassification, the incumbent employees shall be appointed to the reclassified position and the incumbent employee's pay shall be determined in accordance with Section 8.03, Subd. 1. of this Agreement. The effective date of the reclassification for pay purposes shall be no later than January 1st of the calendar year following completion of the study. Incumbent employees shall maintain the classification seniority date of their previous classification seniority date of the new classification. The provisions of this section shall apply only to the incumbent employees who have been permanently certified to the involved positions.

When a class or group of positions is/are reclassified pursuant to a Maintenance Study to a class providing a lower maximum salary, the involved incumbent employee may request that the reclassification be considered to be a layoff. If so requested, the provisions of Article 7 ("Layoff and Recall From Layoff") shall be applied. In the alternative, the involved incumbent employee may elect to remain in the reclassified position and the incumbent employee's (including detailed employees who have been detailed for more than six (6) months who are selected for the position), pay shall be frozen

until such time as the salary for the new classification is the same or greater than the salary frozen, at which point the salary schedule for the classification shall govern future changes.

The Human Resources Department will develop an initial schedule of class maintenance studies in conjunction with the Association that provides that each class will be reviewed within six (6) calendar years from the date of execution of this Agreement. Thereafter, Human Resources will develop an on-going schedule of class maintenance studies that provides for a maintenance study on a rotating basis at least once every four (4) calendar years. Such studies may be done more frequently as needed to maintain the integrity of the classification system.

Section 6.08 - Lateral Transfers

Subd. 1. Voluntary Lateral Transfers

Employees may request to be transferred to a vacant position within their classification or grade in another department/division and may be transferred pursuant to such request with the written approval of their department head, the involved appointing authority and the Employer's Director, Labor Relations. Such transferred employees shall serve a six (6) month probationary period in the new position. If removed by the appointing authority during the probationary period, the involved employee shall be reassigned to a vacant position within the classification or, if none is available, to their previous position.

Subd. 2. Involuntary Lateral Transfers

When an employee's permanent position is eliminated from the budget, the employee may request to be transferred to a vacant position in another job classification at the same MCSC Grade level provided they meet the minimum qualifications for the position.

Subd. 3. Seniority Upon Involuntary Transfer

In addition to earning job classification seniority in their new title, transferred employees shall continue to accrue job classification seniority in their former title and they shall have the right to return to their former title if the position to which they have transferred is later eliminated. In the event the transfer is to a formerly held job classification, seniority in the new (formerly held) title shall run from the date upon which they were first certified to the former classification.

Subd. 4. Pay Upon Involuntary Transfer

The employee's salary in the new position will be their former salary or that of the next available step in the pay progression schedule for the new title which provides for an increase in salary if no equal pay progression step exists. If the employee's salary in the former position is greater than the maximum salary applicable to the new title, the employee's salary will be *red circled* until the maximum salary for the new title meets the employees' red circled rate. Such employees shall, however, be eligible for fifty (50) percent of the negotiated general increase occurring during the term of the Agreement. Lateral transfers shall not affect anniversary dates of employment for pay progression purposes.

Subd. 5. Involuntary Transfer Probationary Periods

Employees transferring to a different title will serve a six (6) calendar month probationary period. In the event the probationary period is not satisfactorily completed the affected employee shall be

returned to a Job Bank assignment for the remaining duration of the sixty (60) or thirty (30) calendar day Job Bank period, as applicable under “Job Bank Assignment, 2, without jeopardizing any “bumping”, layoff or transfer rights under the Agreement or other applicable authority.

Subd. 6. Temporary Assignments Across Classifications

If a department/division assigns duties and responsibilities outside the normal duties and responsibilities of an employee’s permanent position and/or duties that are normally performed by a different classification, the employee will continue to accrue seniority and other benefits in their permanent classification, but not in the temporary assignment. If multiple employees are assigned to a different division/department, return to the employees’ permanent classification will be by seniority.

Subd. 7. Permanent Reassignment

In accordance with the provisions of the Agreement or other applicable authority, employees whose positions are being eliminated and who are assigned to the Job Bank may be reassigned to a new position and/or duty location within their job classification at a time determined to be appropriate by the Employer. Such reassignment terminates the affected employee’s assignment to the Job Bank. Employees may opt for a six (6) month probationary period if they are reassigned, with rights to return to the Job Bank, if they do not pass probation. This election must be declared at the time of reassignment.

Section 6.09 - Temporary, Permit and Detail Employees

Subd. 1. Temporary Employees

The Employer may utilize the services of temporary employees to address temporary increases in workloads. “Temporary work” is defined as work not associated with a vacant position and with an expected duration of twelve (12) months or less. If the Employer has knowledge of the need for a longer duration, the Employer shall notify the Association and provide the rationale and the expected duration. The initial term of the temporary permit may be extended upon consent of the Association. Should the temporary work last more than one (1) year, the position cannot be filled using this provision without written consent of the Association.

Subd. 2. Permit Employees

The Employer may utilize the services of “Permit” employees to:

- a. Replace employees on a paid or unpaid leave of absence; or
- b. Fill a vacant position pending the selection of a permanent employee.

“Permit employee”, as used in this subdivision, is associated with a funded position.

Subd. 3. Detail Employees

The Employer may utilize the services of a “Detail” employee to:

- a. Replace employees on a paid or unpaid leave of absence; or
- b. Fill a vacant position pending the selection of a permanent employee; or

- c. Complete special assignments or projects of no more than 6 months in duration provided that extensions may be granted only upon consent of the Association.

Whether a position is filled by Permit or by Detail, the time period of twelve (12) months cannot be exceeded without the written consent of the Association.

“Detail employee”, except when due to “c” special assignments or projects, as used in this subdivision, is associated with a funded position where the assigned employee is a current City of Minneapolis employee.

ARTICLE 7 **LAYOFF AND RECALL FROM LAYOFF**

Section 7.01 - Layoffs and Bumping

Whenever any permanent position is to be abolished or it becomes necessary because of lack of funds, lack of work to reduce the number of employees in the classified service in any department, the department head shall immediately report such pending layoffs to the City Coordinator or their designated representative. The status of involved employees shall be determined by the following provisions and the involved employees will be notified.

Subd. 1. General Order of Layoff

Layoffs shall be made in the following manner:

- a. Permit employees in the classification title (s) identified for layoffs shall be first laid off;
- b. Temporary employees (those certified to temporary positions) shall next be laid off;
- c. Persons appointed to permanent positions shall then be laid off.

Subd. 2. Layoff Based on Classification Seniority

The employee first laid off shall be the employee who has the least amount of classification seniority in the classification in which reductions are to be made. Provided, however, employees retained must be deemed qualified to perform the required work and employees who possess unique skills or qualifications which would otherwise be denied the Employer may be retained regardless of their relative seniority standing. Employees who are laid off shall have their names placed on a layoff list for their classification.

Where multiple incumbents have the same classification dates due to reclassification or reevaluation of their classification title, the City will use the previous classification seniority date for each incumbent to that title, provided there are no other incumbents in the title, whether or not there was a title or grade change, for the purpose of layoffs in that classification. In situations where the above identified change(s) occur where there are incumbents, the newly classified group shall be a separate group at the bottom of the seniority list. For this group, distinctions made for layoff purposes shall be the classification date in the title from which the employee was reclassified.

Subd. 3. Bumping and Displacement

Employees who have at least two (2) years of City seniority shall have the right to displace a less senior employee in a classification (job title) or bump into a previously held classification within the same or lower pay grade(s) or into previously held classifications. When titles are consolidated or eliminated, the parties will identify displacement or bumping rights for employees who previously held the title. Such identification will be congruent with the requirements of the paragraph below, if they are “qualified to perform the required work” as determined by the Employer. Said employee shall have the right to bump the employee of lesser City seniority who was last certified to progressively lower paid classifications previously held permanently (i.e., one in which the probationary period was satisfactorily completed) by the laid off employee and in which job performance was deemed by the Employer to be satisfactory.

If the employee is unable to bump into the most recent classification previously held, their bumping rights shall continue until either the employee is placed in a previously held classification, or a determination has been made that there is no employee of lesser City seniority who was last certified to a previously held classification, and the employee shall be laid off. In all cases, however, the bumping employee must meet the current minimum qualifications of the claimed position and must be qualified to perform the required work. Employees shall be notified if the position they are being bumped into is represented by a different exclusive representative, or is unrepresented, before accepting the new position. If the position is represented, they will be told how their classification seniority will be treated under the union contract representing the position to which they are returning.

Employees, whose job titles use secondary titles, may displace an employee with lesser City seniority who is at the same grade level, if they are qualified, as determined by the employer to perform the duties and responsibilities of the position. The Employer shall consider past assignments as well as previously held titles in determining the qualifications of the employee.

Subd. 4. Pay Upon Bumping

Pay rates for bumping employees will be set at the next step lower than the pay rate last received in the higher paid classification.

Section 7.02 - Notice of Layoff

The Employer shall make every reasonable effort under the circumstances to provide affected employees with at least fourteen (14) calendar days’ notice prior to the contemplated effective date of a layoff.

Section 7.03 - Recall from Layoff

An employee in the classified service who has been laid off may be reemployed without examination in a vacant position of the same class within three (3) years of the effective date of the layoff. Failure to receive an appointment within three (3) years will result in the eligibles name being removed from the list.

Section 7.04 - Application and Scope

For purposes of this article, bargaining unit employees may displace or bump non-bargaining unit employees. Further, non-bargaining unit employees shall be permitted to displace or bump bargaining

unit employees. Specifically, the provisions of this article respecting layoff, bumping and recall, shall be applicable to those employees excluded from the bargaining unit.

Section 7.05 - Exceptions

The following exceptions may be observed:

Subd. 1. Mutual Agreement

If the Employer and the Association agree upon a basis for layoff and reemployment in a certain position or group of positions and such agreement is approved by the City Coordinator or their designated representative, employees will be laid off and reemployed upon that basis.

Subd. 2. Emergency Retention

Regardless of the priority of layoff, an employee may be retained on an emergency basis for up to six (6) months to complete an assignment.

Subd. 3. Limitations on Ability to Drive

An employee who is required to have a driver's license and whose driver's license has been suspended, revoked or subjected to restrictions that prevent the employee from legally operating a City-owned vehicle, shall be allowed to continue working not more than thirty (30) days following the loss of license. After 30 days, and before taking any adverse employment action against the employee, the Employer, the employee and/or an Association representative shall meet to discuss employment options. If no agreement can be reached and the employee must be able to operate a City-owned vehicle in order to perform their job, the Employer may take such action as it deems necessary.

ARTICLE 8 **WAGES AND PAYROLLS**

Section 8.01 - Classifications and Rates of Pay

Subd. 1. General

All positions covered by this Agreement shall be classified by the Employer and the minimum, maximum and intervening salary rates for such classification shall be those shown in Appendix "A" to this Agreement.

Subd. 2. Job Classification System

The Minneapolis Civil Service Commission (*MCSC*) shall administer the Employer's job classification system in accordance with the following criteria:

- a. The job classification evaluative process shall be based upon professionally developed standards equally applied to all positions without bias.
- b. Job classes shall be established which group positions that have identical or similar primary duties. Within each classification, the nature of the work shall be significantly different from other job classes.

- c. Positions shall be classified based upon their job-related contributions and/or assessed value to the City's functions.
- d. New positions shall be evaluated and placed into job classes based upon a comparison of the similarity of the assigned duties to other positions in the job class. New positions shall be placed into existing job classes unless the duties or conditions of employment are found to be substantially different from other existing classes in the classified service.
- e. The MCSC shall maintain appropriate records relating to classification studies and actions, and shall maintain a written class specification for each job class in the classified service describing typical duties and responsibilities of positions in the job class.
- f. The MCSC, in coordination with the City's Affirmative Action Program, shall assign appropriate Federal Job Category (*FJC*) designations to each job class.

Disputes respecting the classification of jobs within any bargaining unit shall be directed to the MCSC for review and final action. No dispute respecting the classification of jobs shall be subject to the grievance/arbitration provisions of this Agreement. In the event, either by law or otherwise, the MCSC loses its legal authority to administer the Employer's job classification system during the life of this Agreement, the provisions of this section shall be null and void and the Parties shall meet and negotiate with one another, at the request of either of them, over an appeal procedure or other job classification dispute resolution process.

Section 8.02 - Pay Progressions

All employees shall be eligible to be considered for advancement to the next higher step within the pay range for their classification, if applicable, upon the completion of each twelve (12) months of *actual paid service* in such classification. Such increases may be withheld or delayed in cases where the employee's job performance has been of a less than satisfactory level in which case the employee and the Association shall be notified in advance that the increase is being withheld or delayed and of the specific reasons therefore. All such denials or delays shall be grievable under the provisions of Article 3 of this Agreement. All increases approved pursuant to this section shall be made effective the beginning of the pay period closest to the anniversary date.

Section 8.03 - Advances and Transfers

Subd. 1. Pay Upon Promotion

The salary of an employee who advances from a job classification in one grade to a job classification in a higher grade shall be the increment nearest the employee's salary in the lower classification, regardless of the bargaining unit representing the lower classification, plus 5%. In applying this calculation, average overtime earnings, if any, during the three (3) year period immediately preceding the advancement shall be included where the employee is moving to a position coded as "exempt" under the FLSA. Thereafter, the employee's salary step shall increase in accordance with Section 8.02 of this article. The provisions of this subdivision shall also be applicable whenever an employee is detailed to perform all or substantially all of the duties of a higher-paid classification. An employee who voluntarily demotes to their previously held position within twelve (12) calendar months following promotion shall be returned to the same pay step which was applicable immediately prior to the promotion.

Subd. 2. Pay Upon Transfer

When an employee attains a position in another classification which provides for an identical pay progression schedule they shall retain the same pay step as was applicable in their previous position and the employee shall retain the same anniversary date for future pay increase effective dates.

Subd. 3. Pay Upon Demotion

The salary of an employee who voluntarily demotes shall be placed on the salary step on which they would be if they had remained in the position.

The salary of an employee who is demoted for disciplinary reasons from one classification to another which provides for a lower maximum salary, shall be the same step which the employee had before the demotion; however, the employee shall not be placed on a step which provides for a lower salary than the employee had prior to the promotion. Thereafter, the employee shall increase in accordance with Section 8.02 of this article.

Subd. 4. Pay Upon Bumping

Pay rates for bumping employees will be set at the next step lower than the pay rate last received in the higher paid classification.

Section 8.04 - Payrolls and Pay Days

- A. Non-Exempt Employees - All payrolls shall be calculated on a biweekly basis and employees shall normally be paid every other Friday.
- B. Exempt Employees - All payrolls shall be calculated on a biweekly basis and employees shall normally be paid every other Friday. The Employer shall not reduce an employee's salary or accrued leave for absences of less than one full workday.

Section 8.05 - Benefits Calculations and Accruals

For purposes of benefit plan administration, all compensated weeks (exclusive of workers' compensation, unemployment compensation or similar insured compensation payments) shall be considered weeks worked for all benefit accruals provided for by this Agreement. Benefit accruals shall be based upon a proportionate number of straight-time compensated weeks only.

Section 8.06 - Shift Differential

Subd. 1. Non-exempt employees

Except as provided in Subd. 3. below, a shift differential shall be paid only to non-exempt employees who:

- A. Are regularly scheduled for shifts which start between the hours of 12:00p.m. and 6:00a.m.; or
- B. Work a shift for which a majority of the hours fall on a Saturday or Sunday.

Subd. 2. Exempt employees

Except as provided in Subd. 3. below, a shift differential shall be paid only to those exempt employees who are regularly assigned to a work period that starts between 12:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m.

Subd. 3. Law Enforcement Support Job Classifications

A per hour shift differential shall be paid only to employees in law enforcement support job classifications, for regularly scheduled shifts which are permanently fixed and where at least one-half (1/2) of the work hours (exclusive of unpaid meal periods) fall between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m.

Subd. 4 Extended Absences

Notwithstanding the provisions of Subd. 1. through Subd. 3. the shift differential shall not be paid if the employee normally entitled to the differential is absent from work for more than two full pay periods. When the regularly scheduled employee is no longer eligible for shift differential due to such extended absence, an employee assigned to perform their job duties in their absence shall be paid the shift differential.

Subd. 5. Paid Leaves

Wages for vacation, holiday and all other paid leaves shall be compensated in accordance with Subd. 1. through Subd. 4. above.

Subd. 6. Amount

The amount of each shift differential is set forth in the salary schedule. The City shall apply any across the board wage/salary adjustment to the shift differential.

ARTICLE 9
HOURS OF WORK AND OVERTIME

Section 9.01 - Work Day and Work Week Defined

This section is intended only to define the normal hours of work and to provide the basis for the calculation of overtime pay. Nothing herein shall be construed as a guarantee of hours of work per day or per week.

Subd. 1. Normal Work Day and Work Week

- A. Non-Exempt Employees - The normal work day/work week configuration for all employees covered by this Agreement shall consist of five (5) full shifts of eight and three quarters (8 ³/₄) hours each within each seven (7) calendar day period. The seven (7) calendar days shall begin with each employee's first regularly scheduled day of work. Each full shift as defined herein shall include lunch and rest periods as provided for in Subd. 3 of this section. There shall be no split shifts.

B. Exempt Employees - The normal work week for all employees covered by this Agreement shall consist of five (5) full days within each seven (7) calendar day period. The normal work week shall consist of forty (40) hours, and an employee's workload shall be based on a forty (40) hour work week. The Parties recognize that the work performed by bargaining unit employees may require work beyond the normal eight (8) hours of work per day. Due to the nature of their work, however, the job duties of exempt employees in the Association may require them to work at irregular times, and work on holidays and weekends. Therefore, maintaining consistent starting and quitting times and scheduling specific numbers of hours to be worked in any day or week may be impossible. Accordingly, where their assigned duties and responsibilities permit (as determined by the individual employee and their supervisor), Association employees may exercise reasonable and prudent discretion in scheduling or varying the times at which their work is performed. The failure to conform to this aspiration may form the basis for a discussion between the employee and their supervisor, with or without the Association, but it shall not form a basis for a grievance under Article 3. Exempt employees shall be authorized to participate in the Employer's Alternative Work Arrangement Policy.

Subd. 2. Meals, Rest Periods and Paid Lunch

Employees shall be entitled to one (1) forty-five (45) minute meal period without pay and two (2) fifteen (15) minute rest periods with pay during each work day. Such meal and rest periods shall be scheduled at times which do not unreasonably interfere with employee, supervisory, and/or other job duties.

Non-exempt supervisors scheduled to supervise alone and unable to take a duty-free lunch, due to the demands of work assignments, will be paid an additional .75 hours in pay or compensatory time, at the appropriate overtime rate; or, at the employee's discretion and with approval of their supervisor, be allowed to leave three quarters (3/4) hour earlier than normally scheduled.

Subd. 3. Notice of Changes Required

Should it be necessary in the judgment of the department to depart from the normal work day or the normal work week, notice of such change shall be given to the Association when practicable.

Section 9.02 - Work Assignments

For purposes of having employees designate their most desirable position based upon duties, location and/or shifts, employees may develop a procedure in cooperation with their division managers. Such agreements shall be put in writing and shall be signed by representatives of the Employer and the Association. If the Parties involved are unable to agree to a procedure, the Parties will use the following procedure:

For the purpose of this provision, *divisional seniority* shall be defined as the amount of continuous service time within an employee's job title currently assigned major subdivision of a department. Further, *preference* shall be defined as the employee's act of designating their most desirable position based upon duties, location and/or shift.

Subd. 1. Divisional Seniority

Members of the bargaining unit may exercise their divisional seniority to designate their preference for available work assignments when permanent vacancies occur or when the Parties agree that substantial changes such as the reassignment of shifts, duty areas, or mergers have occurred. When such an occasion arises, the Division shall post the various assignments and allow for the reshuffling of personnel. Employees who may not be available during the scheduled posting time shall be permitted to exercise their divisional seniority and preference by making advance arrangements acceptable to the Employer. The Employer may assign any employee to a specific assignment within their job classification for which they are qualified subject to the following limitations:

1. The Employer shall strive to select one of the three most senior employees who stated a preference for a specific assignment. If the Employer selects an employee in that group of three who is junior to any other qualified employee who indicated a preference for the position, the Employer shall inform the more senior employee, in writing, of the business reasons why they were not selected. There shall be no appeal of this decision.
2. The Employer may deem any or all of the three most senior employees, who stated a preference for a specific assignment to be unsuited, based upon valid business reasons, for such an assignment. In this instance, the Employer may select any junior employee for the assignment and shall serve written notice to the disqualified senior employees of the valid business reasons why they were not selected. This decision shall not be grievable and may be appealed only to an internal panel. The internal panel shall consist of the Director of the effected division, the designated representative of the MCSA, and another director from within the department as determined by the first two parties. In the event that the first two parties are unable to agree upon the additional director, the Commissioner of the Bureau of Mediation Services shall select one.

The Employer is committed to training employees. Details, cross-training programs and other methodology as deemed appropriate by the Employer shall be used to accomplish this objective.

No provisions of this agreement shall be construed as a limitation on the Employer's right to change an employee's normal duty location or function for cause shown or without advance notice.

Section 9.03 - Overtime

Subd. 1. Overtime Work and Pay – Non-Exempt Employees

All employees who are *non-exempt* within the meaning of the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act shall be compensated for overtime work in accordance with the following provisions.

Employees may be required to work a reasonable amount of overtime as assigned by the Employer. The Employer shall establish a written procedure through which employees may express their availability for overtime assignments. However, the assignment of overtime to any qualified available individual shall not be subject to the grievance procedure. All overtime work must be approved in advance. When authorized by departmental policy and approved in advance by an eligible employee's supervisor, compensatory time may be granted to employees in lieu of overtime pay. In no case shall overtime pay or compensatory time be granted to employees in grades twelve (12) and above. The overtime pay/compensatory time status codes set forth in Appendix "A" of this Agreement (*OTC 1 or 2*) shall be applicable to bargaining unit employees as defined below:

- a. OTC Code 1. Employees are not eligible for overtime pay or compensatory time.
- b. OTC Code 2. "Overtime Hours" means all time worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day or forty (40) hours per week. Overtime hours shall be paid in cash or, with the mutual agreement of the employee and their supervisor, paid in compensatory time at the rate of one and one-half (1 ½) times their regular hourly rate of pay. Compressed work week arrangements, voluntarily agreed upon by employees and their supervisors, shall be exempt from the daily overtime provisions of this paragraph.
- c. Compressed work week arrangements, voluntarily agreed upon by employees and their supervisors, shall be exempt from the daily overtime provisions of the above paragraph, but will grant overtime pay or compensatory time at the rate of one and one-half (1 ½) times their regularly hourly rate of pay for all time worked in excess of ten (10) hours per day or forty (40) hours per week and at the rate of two (2) times their regular hourly rate of pay for all time worked on shifts that start on the sixth (6th) and seventh (7th) consecutive days of work. The Employer shall schedule three (3) consecutive days off, based upon a seven (7) day workweek, as part of a compressed work schedule.
- d. If the Employer has a need to establish work schedules that are more than eight (8) hours duration and no employee volunteers for a compressed work week, as cited above in "b," the schedules shall be filled by first requesting volunteers in order of seniority from among the qualified employees. If there are an insufficient number of volunteers, the Employer may assign qualified employees in reverse seniority order.
- e. Such schedules and employees in "c" and "d" above shall be subject to the following:
 - i. The affected employees will be provided with fourteen (14) or more calendar days of notice before the effective date of the schedule.
 - ii. The notice will clearly identify the days to be worked, and the schedule will consist of consecutive days of work.
 - iii. The notice will project the duration of the schedule.
 - iv. If the project is to end prior to the projected duration, employees will be provided with at least fourteen (14) calendar days' notice.
 - v. Employees will be required to use ten (10) hours of accrued leave time for each day of sick or vacation used.
 - vi. Employees will be granted eight (8) hours of pay each paid holiday; however, the employee may use up to two (2) hours of vacation or compensatory time to supplement the eight (8) hours of holiday pay

A maximum of one hundred (100) hours of compensatory time may be accumulated unless the City Council has authorized up to one hundred twenty (120) hours for employees assigned to work on a special project basis or has authorized pay for compensatory time on a special project basis when funds are available for such purposes. Compensatory time, when used, must be scheduled and approved in advance in the same manner as the scheduling and approval of vacation under this Agreement.

Employees and their supervisors shall diligently work together to schedule accumulated compensatory time off when the impact on the Employer's operation will be minimized.

Subd. 2. Scheduled Overtime

If the Employer directs an employee to come to work during non-scheduled work hours, and then cancels, with less than eight (8) hours' notice, the employee will receive "on call" pay.

Subd. 3. Regular Rate of Pay and Overtime Calculations

- a. Compensatory time used will not be included in the calculation of hours worked for the purpose of reaching overtime thresholds;
- b. Approved sick, bereavement, jury duty, paid holidays, and accrued vacation leaves from work will be included in the calculation of hours worked for the purpose of reaching daily or weekly overtime thresholds;
- c. Employees may replace compensatory time used with accrued vacation time to meet the weekly overtime threshold. An employee may not use this provision to accrue or increase a negative balance of vacation time. This replacement must be done within the payroll period in which the overtime is worked;
- d. Hourly premiums, shift differentials, hazard pay, longevity and any other negotiated pay benefits will be included in the calculation of the employee's "regular rate of pay";
- e. All eligible paid leave time is eligible for overtime earnings when the total paid hours within a work week exceeds forty (40) hours, regardless of the sequential order of the applied leave;
- f. The Employer shall calculate the regular rate of pay for overtime payments in accordance with the U.S. Department of Labor's guidance on the FLSA;
- g. "Seventh day worked" means seven consecutive days of actual work (any day where work is performed for 4 hours or more) independent of the Employer's pay periods;
- h. The seventh day worked premium rate of pay of two (2) times the employee's regular hourly rate of pay will be paid for all work performed on the seventh consecutive day of actual work, notwithstanding the timing of pay periods or unscheduled shift changes, except where specifically exempted within other negotiated agreements. The extension of a shift into the next pay day shall not be counted as a separate day of work. Use of any paid time off of more than four (4) hours on any work day within the seven consecutive days is disqualifying for the seventh day worked premium, though the employee remains eligible for the regular time-and-a-half overtime premiums if the work exceeds forty (40) hours in any work week.
- i. All seventh day worked premium earnings will be paid in cash; no compensatory time earned will be granted in lieu of cash compensation for this premium.

Subd. 4. No Duplication

There shall be no duplication or pyramiding of overtime and/or premium rates of pay under the provisions of this Agreement. Compensation shall not be paid more than once for the same hours under any provisions of this Agreement.

Section 9.04 - On Call Pay, Court Stand-By Pay, and Mandatory Meeting Pay

Subd. 1. On Call

If Departments/Divisions prefer a different On Call procedure, they may by Letter of Agreement with the Association, institute a separate process with the approval of the Department Head and signed by the Director of Labor Relations. Department Heads shall respond in writing within thirty (30) days of the submission of the proposal. Letters of Agreement regarding On Call procedures will supersede Subd.1, of this Article.

Subd. 2. Being Available Status

Employees may occasionally receive calls when off duty to assist in resolving issues that occur. It is expected that, when available, employees will respond. Employees who are not “on call” will not be disciplined if they fail to respond or are unable to return to work if the Employer calls them while they are off duty.

Subd. 3. On Call Status

The term “on call” is limited to a status in which an employee, though off duty, is required by the Employer, to be available and fully prepared to return to duty. Whenever practical, the employee will receive clear and written advance notice, during work hours that they are “on call.” (Employees will be given a form letter with their names and dates identifying when they are “on call.”) The scheduling of employees for “on call” duty should be reasonable, thus respecting the employee’s personal life. The Employer shall establish the expectations associated with the compensation. The “on call” employee is required to respond to telephone inquiries during the “on call” period without additional compensation.

Subd. 4. On Call Pay and Call Back Pay

The employee will receive \$40.00 (\$43.00 effective April 1, 2024) for each weekday the employee is “on call.” The employee will receive \$50.00 (\$53.00 effective April 1, 2024) for each weekend day (Saturday or Sunday) or holiday the employee is “on call.”

If an hourly employee is called back to duty, the employee shall be paid for a minimum of 2.667 hours at their overtime rate but shall forfeit all claims to “on call” pay for the day. If an employee is called back to duty and was not “on call,” the employee, if hourly, will receive a minimum of 2.667 hours at their overtime rate, and if exempt will receive appropriate administrative leave.

Subd. 5. Court Stand-By Pay

Employees may be subject to court stand-by at times which fall outside the normally scheduled work hours, to serve as a witness in court. Such employees will receive clear advance notice of court stand-by, and clear advance notice of cancellation of court stand-by. When required to be available as a witness for court matters, such employees shall be compensated at the prevailing rate for the classification for a minimum of two (2) hours of pay for each occurrence which falls outside the normally scheduled work hours. Exempt employees shall receive \$45.00 per day for Court Stand-By Pay when required to be available as a witness for court matters.

Subd. 6. Mandatory Meeting Pay

Non-Exempt employees who are required to attend work related meetings or classes at times when they are not scheduled to work shall earn at the employee's overtime rate, for the hours actually worked.

Section 9.05 - Administrative Leave

Subd. 1. Eligibility

Full-time exempt employees (meaning employees who regularly work more than eighty (80) hours in a two-week payroll period) may be granted paid administrative leave consistent with the provisions of this Section and applicable Civil Service Rules.

Subd. 2. Accrual of Administrative Leave

The Parties recognize that the work requirement of FLSA exempt employees may exceed, with varying degrees of frequency, the work expectations of a normal work week. The Parties also recognize that the FLSA exempt employee has the responsibility and freedom to manage their own work schedule in order to balance the time they spend working. With this understanding, the Employer has promulgated an Administrative Leave Policy. It is the intent of the Parties that when an exempt employee's work regularly exceeds the expectations of a normal work week, as demonstrated by results, outputs, or job demands, the employee may be granted administrative leave. Administrative Leave is an authorized paid leave of absence measured in increments of at least one full day to be used for absences of one or more consecutive days.

Administrative Leave of up to three consecutive days may be granted by an exempt employee's immediate supervisor. Such leave may be granted by the supervisor upon their own initiative or upon the request of the employee. Administrative Leave of up to five consecutive days may be granted by an exempt employee's department head upon the department head's own initiative or upon the request of the employee or their supervisor. A supervisor or department head may deny administrative leave if an employee has failed to meet performance expectations.

Subd. 3. Use of Administrative Leave

As provided above, an employee's supervisor or department head shall determine when Administrative Leave has been earned. Once earned, Administrative Leave days off shall be scheduled and approved in advance. Employees and their supervisors shall diligently work together to schedule Administrative Leave days off so that employees may make maximum use of their accrued Administrative Leave without unreasonably disrupting the business of the Employer. A request to use Administrative Leave for more than three consecutive work days must be approved by the department head or their designee. Alternatively, the Employer may pay cash in lieu of time off for some or all of an employee's accrued Administrative Leave at the sole discretion of the employee's Department Head subject to the Department's budgetary considerations. The Employer shall have no obligation to pay cash in lieu of time off for accrued and unused Administrative Leave even upon the termination of an employee's employment. However, if made, such payment shall be based upon the pro-rated portion of the employee's salary in effect at the time of such payment. The denial of a request for Administrative Leave days off shall not be grievable. However, the denial of Administrative Leave days may be brought before the Workload Fairness Committee described in 9.06.

Section 9.06 - Special Assignment Compensation

On occasion, the Employer may request that an employee temporarily (for a period not to exceed one year) assume responsibility for a special project or other job duties that represent a *substantial* addition to the duties and responsibilities generally associated with the employee's position. To compensate an employee for assuming the additional duties and responsibilities, the Employer may offer the employee additional monetary compensation of 2%, 4% or 6% (as determined by the Employer) of their normal bi-weekly salary payable during the term of such special assignment; or, subject to the approval of the City Council, may offer other additional monetary compensation and/or Administrative Leave. An employee, in their sole discretion, may accept or decline the offer to assume the additional duties. There shall be no adverse consequences imposed upon an employee who declines an offer to assume additional duties. Nothing herein shall preclude the Employer from assigning to an employee, or permit an employee to refuse, work that is consistent with their position. Disputes involving the involuntary assignment of work within the scope of an employee's position are not grievable. However, an employee who believes that an involuntary work assignment does subject the employee to unreasonably excessive hours may bring the issue before the Workload Fairness Committee. The Committee shall have the ability to determine that the work should be reallocated and/or that additional compensation should be provided.

Section 9.07 - Workload Fairness Committee

The Workload Fairness Committee shall consist of six (6) persons three (3) of whom are appointed by the Association and three (3) of whom are appointed by the Employer. Members shall be appointed on a case-by-case basis. Of the persons appointed by the Employer one shall be the Director of Labor Relations and one shall be the Department Head or the Department Head's designee.

To request a review by the Workload Fairness Committee the employee will file a request with the Association. The Association will review the request and, if approved by the Association, will forward the request to the Labor Relations Director. The Labor Relations Director will convene the Workload Fairness Committee within fifteen (15) working days of receipt of the Committee request.

The purpose of the Committee is to provide a forum other than grievance arbitration to resolve disputes regarding the assignment of duties, the granting of accrual of Administrative Leave, the use of Administrative Leave, or the granting of Special Assignment Compensation. The Committee in its discretion may determine whether an issue brought to it should be decided upon written memoranda, oral argument and/or evidentiary hearing. The Committee shall have the authority to determine the merit of the case brought before it and to determine an appropriate remedy, if any, within the scope of the authority granted to it under Section 9.05. Decisions of the Committee shall be determined based on a simple majority vote, except that cases in which the Committee awards monetary compensation, five affirmative votes shall be required to adopt any specific remedy. The Committee shall attempt to reach a consensus before voting. Decisions of the Committee shall be final and binding on the parties. The Committee shall not have the authority to modify any term of this Agreement.

Section 9.08 - Emergency Closings

The Employer may temporarily suspend all or a portion of its normal operation in response to inclement weather or other emergency conditions. Official closure announcements shall be made by the Employer through internal means and/or other suitable public media. Non-exempt employees shall be permitted to draw upon accumulated vacation or sick leave benefits or accumulated compensatory time, at their

option, to the full extent of the lost compensation due to such closures. Exempt employees shall not be required to use vacation, compensatory time, or sick leave benefits to compensate for lost work.

ARTICLE 10 **VACATIONS**

Section 10.01 - Vacations With Pay

Employees in the classified service of the City shall be entitled to vacations with pay in accordance with the provisions of this article.

Section 10.02 - Eligibility: Full-Time Employees

Vacations with pay shall be granted to employees who work one-half (½) time or more. Vacation time will be determined on the basis of continuous years of service, including time in an unclassified position immediately preceding appointment or reappointment to a classified position. For purposes of this article, *continuous years of service* shall be determined in accordance with the following:

Subd. 1. Credit During Authorized Leaves of Absence

Time on authorized leave of absence without pay, except to serve in an unclassified position, shall not be credited toward years of service, but neither shall it be considered to interrupt the periods of employment before and after leave of absence, provided an employee has accepted employment to the first available position upon expiration of the authorized leave of absence.

Subd. 2. Credit During Involuntary Layoffs

Employees who have been involuntarily laid off shall be considered to have been continuously employed if they accept employment to the first available position. Any absence of twelve (12) consecutive months will not be counted toward years of service for vacation entitlement.

Subd. 3. Credit During Periods on Disability Pension

Upon return to work, employees shall be credited for time served on workers' compensation or disability pension as the result of disability incurred on the job. Such time shall be used for the purpose of determining the amount of vacation to which they are entitled each year thereafter.

Subd. 4. Credit During Military Leaves of Absence

Employees returning from approved military leaves of absence shall be entitled to vacation credit as provided in applicable Minnesota statutes.

Section 10.03 - Eligibility: Intermittent and Part-Time Employees

Employees on an intermittent or part-time basis shall also be granted vacations with pay in direct proportion to the time actually employed. In no event, however, shall employees receive vacation pay greater than what their earnings would have been during such period had they been working.

Section 10.04 - Vacation Benefit Levels

A. Non-Exempt Employees. Eligible employees shall earn vacations with pay in accordance with the following schedule:

YEARS OF CITY SERVICE	VACATION DAYS
1 - 4	12
5 - 7	15
8 - 9	16
10 - 15	18
16 - 17	21
18 - 20	22
21 +	26

For purposes of this article, the word *day* shall be defined as eight (8) hours.

B. Exempt Employees. Eligible probationary employees shall be granted six (6) vacation days on their first day of employment and six (6) vacation days after six (6) months of employment.

Eligible regular employees shall be granted vacations with pay in accordance with the following schedule:

YEARS OF CITY SERVICE	VACATION DAYS
1 - 4	12
5 - 7	15
8 - 9	16
10 - 15	18
16 - 17	21
18 - 20	22
21 +	26

At the discretion of the Employer and in the process of negotiating the compensation package for an initial hire of new Employees or promoted Employees, additional vacation accrual rate credit may be granted based on documented relevant work experience as determined by the Human Resources Department. Credit may be granted on a year-for-year ratio up to a maximum of twenty-one (21) days of vacation per year.

Eligible employees shall be credited with a full yearly allotment of vacation leave. The amount credited on January 1st of each year shall be determined by the level of credited continuous service an employee will have achieved as of December 31st of that year. Should an employee separate from City service prior to December 31, vacation eligibility shall be based on a monthly proportion of the yearly allotment.

For purposes of this article, the workday shall be defined in accordance with the definition in Section 9.01 Subd. 1. of this Agreement.

Section 10.05 - Vacation Accruals and Calculation

The following shall be applicable to the accrual and usage of accrued vacation benefits:

Subd. 1. Accruals and Maximum Accruals

- A. *Non-Exempt Employees.* Vacation benefits shall be calculated on a direct proportion basis for all hours of credited work other than overtime and without regard to the calendar year. Benefits may be cumulative up to and including fifty (50) days. Accrued benefits in excess of fifty (50) days shall not be recorded and shall be considered lost.
- B. *Exempt Employees.* The following provision is to allow for the transition from an hour-for-hour based vacation accrual system to an exempt employee paid vacation system. It is not intended to further the existing system. Rather, it is to allow for the use of vacation leave without unnecessarily penalizing the employee.

Vacation benefits may be cumulative up to and including fifty (50) days. Accrued benefits in excess of the maximum accrual cap as of December 31st of each year shall not be recorded and shall be considered lost.

Subd. 2. Vacation Usage and Charges Against Accruals

- A. *Non-Exempt Employees.* Vacation shall begin on the first working day an employee is absent from duty. When said vacation includes a holiday, the holiday will not be considered as one of the vacation days.
- B. *Exempt Employees.* Vacation shall begin on the first full workday an employee is absent from duty. When said vacation includes a holiday, the holiday will not be considered as one of the vacation days. Vacation shall be charged only for a full day absence from duty.

Section 10.06 - Vacation Pay Rates

Subd. 1. Normal

The rate of pay for vacations shall be the rate of pay employees would receive had they been working at the position to which they have been permanently certified, except as provided in Subd. 2, below.

Subd. 2. Detailed (Working Out of Class) Employees

Employees on *detail* (working out of class) for a period of less than thirty (30) calendar days immediately prior to vacation will be paid upon the basis of the position to which they have been permanently certified. Employees on detail for more than thirty (30) calendar days immediately prior to vacation will be paid upon the basis of the position to which they have been detailed.

Section 10.07 - Scheduling Vacations

Subd. 1. General

Vacations are to be scheduled in advance and taken at such reasonable times as approved by the employee's department with particular regard to the needs of the Employer, seniority of employee, and,

insofar as practicable, with regard to the wishes of the employee. No vacation shall be assigned by the Employer or deducted from the employee's account as disciplinary action.

Subd. 2. Vacation Prior to Retirement

Employees are encouraged to provide at least 30 working days' notice of their intent to retire. The value of any vacation balance due upon separation at retirement shall be deposited into the employees Post-Retirement Health Care Savings Plan, as established in Minn. Stat. §352.98 as administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System.

At the discretion of the Department Head, employees may be allowed to schedule all or part of their unused accumulated vacation and/or compensatory time immediately prior to retirement. The decision to not allow the scheduling of vacation shall not be subject to the grievance procedure but should be based on legitimate business reasons.

Employees who are members of the Minneapolis Employee Retirement Fund (MERF) shall not be prevented from scheduling vacations and/or compensatory time prior to retirement and being able to receive all of the pay and benefits provided by this Agreement.

ARTICLE 11 **HOLIDAYS**

Section 11.01 - Holidays With Pay

Employees in the classified service shall be entitled to holidays with pay in accordance with the provisions of this article.

Section 11.02 - Eligibility and Pay

Subd. 1. Eligibility

Permanent employees who are not required to work on a day recognized by this Agreement as a holiday shall be entitled to holiday pay provided such employee is in pay status on the last working day immediately before and on the next working day immediately after such holiday.

Subd. 2. Holiday Pay and Rate

Employees eligible to receive holiday pay as outlined in this article shall be paid eight (8) hours pay calculated at their regular, straight-time, base rate of pay or, if such employee regularly works less than forty (40) hours per week, such holiday pay shall be pro-rated. Any employees required to regularly work 10-hour shifts shall be paid ten (10) hours pay calculated at their regular, straight-time, base rate of pay.

Subd. 3. Holidays During Vacation and Sick Leave

Holidays which occur within an employees' approved vacation or sick leave period shall be paid as holidays only and shall not be charged as vacation or sick leave.

Section 11.03 - Holidays Defined

The following named days shall be considered *holidays* for purposes of this article:

- New Year's Day
- Martin Luther King Day
- Presidents' Day
- Memorial Day
- Juneteenth
- Independence Day
- Labor Day
- Indigenous Peoples Day/Columbus Day
- Veterans' Day
- Thanksgiving Day
- Day After Thanksgiving
- Christmas Day

Section 11.04 - Holidays Worked

Subd. 1. Holidays Worked; Normal

- A. *Non-Exempt Employees:* When a day recognized by this Agreement as a holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be considered to be the holiday. When a day recognized by this Agreement as a holiday falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be considered to be the holiday. Employees, except for those within the scope of Subd. 2, below, who are eligible for holiday pay and who are compensated for overtime work at one and one-half (1½) times their hourly base rate of pay, shall be paid one and one-half (1½) times their hourly base rate of pay for each hour worked on a holiday in addition to the holiday pay for which they are entitled. All other employees, except those in Civil Service Grades 12 and above, who are required to work on a holiday, shall be granted compensatory time off at a time mutually agreed upon between involved employees and their supervisors.
- B. *Exempt Employees* who are eligible for holiday pay and who are required to work on a holiday shall be granted another day off with pay. When a day recognized by this Agreement as a holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be considered to be the holiday. When a day recognized by this Agreement as a holiday falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be considered to be the holiday.

Subd. 2. Non-Exempt Employees Who Regularly Work Weekends

Notwithstanding other provisions of this article, those employees who are regularly scheduled to work on weekends shall work their regularly scheduled shift and their regular, year-round work schedules shall take the number of holidays referenced in Section 11.03 of this article into account in determining the total number of days off per year. Such employees shall be paid at the rate of one and one-half (1½) times their regular rates of pay if required to work on any actual holiday. Holidays falling on weekends shall not be observed on Fridays and/or Mondays by such employees.

Subd. 3. Certain Public Health and Safety Employees

Notwithstanding other provisions of this article, those employees who work in certain public health and safety areas (e.g., Police Department, Fire Department, Emergency Communication Center, and Auto Impound Lot) where employees hold positions which are staffed on a seven-day-per-week basis, such employees shall work their regularly scheduled shift at their regular rates of pay. Such employees' regular, year-round work schedules shall take the number of holidays referenced in Section 11.03, Subd. 1 of this Article into account in determining the total number of days off per year. Such employees who are eligible for holiday pay and who are compensated for overtime work at one and one-half (1½) times their hourly base rate of pay shall be paid at the rate of one and one-half (1½) times their regular rates of pay if required to work on any holiday.

Section 11.05 - Religious Holidays

Employees may observe religious holidays on days which do not fall on Sunday or on a holiday as defined in Section 11.03, Subd. 1, above. Such days off shall be taken off without pay unless 1) the employee has accumulated vacation benefits available in which case the employee shall be required to take such days off as vacation, or 2) the employee obtains supervisory approval to work an equivalent number of hours (at straight-time rates of pay) at some other time during the calendar year. The employee must notify the Employer at least ten (10) calendar days in advance of the religious holiday of their intent to observe such holiday. The Employer may waive this ten (10) calendar day requirement if the Employer determines that absence of such employee will not substantially interfere with the department's function.

ARTICLE 12

LEAVES OF ABSENCE WITHOUT PAY

Section 12.01 - Leaves of Absence Without Pay

Leaves of absence without pay may be granted to permanent employees when authorized by Minnesota statute or by the Employer pursuant to the provisions of this article upon written application to the employee's immediate supervisor or their designated representative. Except for emergency situations, leaves must be approved in writing by the Employer prior to commencement.

Section 12.02 - Leaves of Absence Governed by State or Federal Law

The following leaves of absence without pay may be granted as authorized by applicable Minnesota statutes, and will be automatically modified without further negotiations to assure continued compliance:

Subd. 1. Military Leave

Employees in the classified service shall be entitled to military leaves of absence without pay for duty in the regular Armed Forces of the United States, the National Guard or the Reserves. At the expiration of such leaves, such employees shall be entitled to their position or a comparable position and shall receive other benefits in accordance with applicable Minnesota statutes. (See also, *Military Leaves With Pay* at Article 13, Section 13.04 of this Agreement.)

Subd. 2. Appointive and Elective Office Leave

Leaves of absence without pay to serve in an Appointive-Unclassified City position or as a Minnesota state legislator or full-time elective officer in a city or county of Minnesota shall be granted pursuant to applicable Minnesota statutes.

Subd. 3. Association Leave

Leaves of absence without pay to serve in an elective or appointive position in the Association shall be granted pursuant to applicable Minnesota statutes.

Subd. 4. School Conference and Activities Leave

Leaves of absence without pay of up to a total of sixteen (16) hours during any twelve (12) month period for the purpose of attending school, pre-school or child care provider conferences and classroom activities of the employee's child, provided that such conferences and classroom activities cannot be scheduled during non-work hours. When the need for the leave is foreseeable, the employee shall provide reasonable prior notice of the leave to their immediate supervisor and shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the leave so as not to disrupt the operations of the Employer. Employees may use accumulated vacation benefits or accumulated compensatory time for the duration of such leaves.

Subd. 5. Family and Medical Leaves

See Family and Medical Leave Policy and Procedures at the City's Policy and Procedures web page.

Section 12.03 - Leaves of Absence Governed by This Agreement

Employees may be granted leaves of absence for reasonable periods of time provided the requests for such leaves are consistent with the provisions of this section. Employees on leave in excess of six (6) months will, at the expiration of the leave, be placed on an appropriate layoff list for their classification if no vacancies exist in their classification. Employees on leave of less than six (6) months will, at the expiration of the leave, return to their department in positions within their classification. Leaves of absence under this section may be granted for the following purposes:

Subd. 1. Temporary Illness or Disability

Temporary illness or disability properly verified by medical authority.

Subd. 2. Serves in Unclassified City Position

To serve in an unclassified City position not covered by state statute.

Subd. 3. Education Leave

Education that benefits the employee to seek advancement opportunities or carry out job-related duties more effectively.

Subd. 4. Position with Other Public Employer

To serve temporarily in a position with another public employer where such employment is deemed by the Employer to be in the best interests of the City.

Subd. 5. Candidate for Public Office

To become a candidate in a general election for public office. A leave of absence without pay commencing thirty (30) calendar days prior to the election is required, unless exempted by the Employer.

Subd. 6. Personal Convenience

For personal convenience not to exceed twelve (12) calendar months.

Subd. 7. Budgetary Leave

A leave of absence without pay of ninety (90) calendar days or less if approved by the Employer for the purpose of reducing the Employer's operating budget (budgetary leave). Such employees shall be credited with seniority, vacation, group health/life insurance benefits and sick leave benefits as if they had actually worked the hours.

ARTICLE 13
LEAVES OF ABSENCE WITH PAY

Section 13.01 - Leaves of Absence With Pay

Leaves of absence with pay may be granted to permanent employees under the provisions of this article when approved in advance by the Employer prior to the commencement of the leave.

Section 13.02 - Bereavement Leave

A paid leave of absence of three (3) working days shall be granted in the event an employee in the classified service suffers a death in their immediate family. Immediate family is defined as an employee's Parent, Stepparent, Spouse, *Registered Domestic Partner* within the meaning of *Minneapolis Code of Ordinances*, Chapter 142, Child, Stepchild, Brother, Sister, Stepbrother, Stepsister, Father-in-law, Mother-in-law, Brother-in-law, Sister-in-law, Son-in-law, Daughter-in-law, Grandparent, Grandchild, Great Grandparent, Great Grandchild, or dependents of employee's household. For purposes of this subdivision, the term's *father-in-law* and *mother-in-law* shall be construed to include the father and mother of an employee's domestic partner.

Bereavement Leave may be used intermittently. However, the three (3) working days must be used within five (5) workings from the time of death or funeral, unless an extension is required for individually demonstrated circumstance. Intermittent use must be approved by the employee's supervisor. Approval will not be reasonably withheld. In the even the supervisor does not approve, the employee may immediately appeal to the next upper level of the hierarchy.

Additional time off without pay, or use of available vacation time, shall be granted as may reasonably be required under individual demonstrated circumstances. Accrued and available leave balances (vacation, sick leave or compensatory time) may be used following current approval practices.

Section 13.03 - Jury Duty and Court Witness Leave

After due notice to the Employer, employees subpoenaed to serve as a witness or called for jury duty, shall be paid their regular compensation at their current base rate of pay for the period the court duty requires their absence from work duty, plus any expenses paid by the court. Such employees, so compensated, shall not be eligible to retain jury duty pay or witness fees and shall turn any such pay or fees received over to the Employer. If an employee is excused from jury duty prior to the end of the normal work day, they shall return to work if reasonably practicable or make arrangements for a leave of absence without pay. For purposes of this section, such employees shall be considered to be working normal day shift hours for the duration of their jury duty leave. Any absence, whether voluntary or by legal order to appear or testify in private litigation, not in the status of an employee but as a plaintiff or defendant, shall not qualify for leave under this section. Such absences shall be charged against accumulated vacation, compensatory time or be without pay.

Section 13.04 - Military Leave

Pursuant to applicable Minnesota statutes, employees who are qualified under the statute are entitled to leaves of absence with pay during periods not to exceed fifteen (15) working days in any calendar year to fulfill service obligations.

Section 13.05 - Olympic Competition Leave

Pursuant to applicable Minnesota statute, employees are entitled to leaves of absence with pay to engage in athletic competition as a qualified member of the United States team for athletic competition on the Olympic level, provided that the period of such paid leave will not exceed the period of the official training camp and competition combined or ninety (90) calendar days per year, whichever is less.

Section 13.06 - Return From Leaves of Absence With Pay

When employees are granted leaves of absence with pay under the provisions of this article, such employees, at the expiration of such leaves, shall be restored to their position.

Section 13.07 - Organ and Bone Marrow Donor Leave

Pursuant to applicable Minnesota statutes, employees who work twenty (20) or more hours per week shall, upon advance notification to their immediate supervisor and approval by the Employer, be granted a paid leave of absence at the time they undergo medical procedures to donate an organ or bone marrow. At the time such employees request the leave, they shall provide to their immediate supervisor written verification by a physician of the purpose and length of the required leave. The combined length of leaves for this purpose may not exceed forty (40) hours unless agreed to by the Employer in its sole discretion.

ARTICLE 14 **SICK LEAVE**

Section 14.01 - Sick Leave

Employees in the classified service who regularly work more than twenty (20) hours per week shall be entitled to leaves of absence with pay, for actual, bona-fide illness, temporary physical disability, illness

in the immediate family, or quarantine. Such leaves shall be granted in accordance with the provisions of this article.

Section 14.02 - Definitions

The term *illness*, where it occurs in this article, shall include bodily disease or injury or mental affliction, whether or not a precise diagnosis is available when such disease or affliction is, in fact, disabling. Other factors defining sick leave are as follows:

Subd. 1. Chemical Dependency

Alcoholism and drug addiction shall be recognized as an illness. However, sick leave pay for treatment of such illness shall be contingent upon two conditions: 1) the employee must undergo an evaluation by a licensed alcohol and drug counselor or substance abuse professional, and 2) the employee, during or following the above care, must participate in a program of treatment and rehabilitation approved by the Employer or recommended by the individual who performed the evaluation referenced above.

Subd. 2. Illness or Injury in the Immediate Family

Employees may utilize accumulated sick leave benefits for reasonable periods of time when their absence from work is made necessary by the illness or injury of their dependent child (“child” shall include the employee’s biological, step, adopted, or foster child under 18 years of age, or under 20 years of age if still attending secondary school) and not to exceed 160 hours in a rolling 12 month period when their absence from work is made necessary by the illness or injury of their spouse, *registered domestic partner* (within the meaning of Minneapolis *Code of Ordinances* Chapter 142), parents, parent-in-laws, sibling, adult child, grandchild, grandparent, stepparent, guardian or ward. The utilization of sick leave benefits under the provisions of this subparagraph shall be administered under the same terms as if such benefits were utilized in connection with the employee's own illness or injury. Additional time off without pay, or vacation, if available and requested in advance, shall be granted as may reasonably be required under individual demonstrated circumstances. Nothing in this subdivision limits the rights of employees under the provisions of Section 12.02, Subd. 5 (*Family and Medical Leaves*) of this Agreement.

Section 14.03 - Eligibility, Accrual and Calculation of Sick Leave

- A. **Non-Exempt Employees.** If permanently certified employees who regularly work more than half time per week, are absent due to illness, such absences shall be charged against their accumulated accrual of sick leave. Sick leave pay benefits shall be accrued by eligible employees at the rate of twelve (12) days per calendar year worked and shall be calculated on a direct proportion basis for all hours of credited work time other than overtime.

- B. **Exempt Employees.** If permanently certified employees who regularly work more than half time, are absent for a full day due to illness, such absences shall be charged against their accumulated accrual of sick leave. Sick leave shall begin on the first full workday an employee is absent from duty due to illness. Sick leave pay benefits shall be credited to eligible employees at the rate of twelve (12) days per calendar year worked. Eligible probationary employees shall be granted six (6) sick days on their first day of employment and six (6) sick days after the first six (6) months of employment.

Effective January 1, 2001, eligible employees shall be granted a full yearly allotment of sick leave on January 1st of each year. Should an employee separate from City service, sick leave eligibility shall be based on a monthly proportion of the yearly allotment.

Section 14.04 - Sick Leave *Bank* - Accrual

- (a) An employee may be required to provide a written statement from a health care professional in attendance verifying that the employee's absence is due to illness and that the employee is unable to work. "In attendance" includes a telephonically prescribed course of treatment by the health care provider which must be confirmed by a prescription or a written statement by the provider.
- (b) A written statement by a health care professional for sick leave may be required only in the following situations:
 - (1) An employee has been absent on sick leave for five or more consecutive scheduled work days;
 - (2) An employee has used more than twelve days of unverified sick leave within the last 12 months;
 - (3) A Request for Leave of Absence for medical reasons has been submitted; or,
 - (4) In cases of suspected fraudulent use of sick leave or where there are patterned absences.
- (c) An employee who is required to provide medical verification for sick leave use shall provide the verification no later than two weeks from the request.

Section 14.05 - Interrupted Sick Leave

- (a) A permanently certified employee who has been certified or recertified to a permanent position shall, after layoff or disability retirement, be granted sick leave accruals consistent with the provisions of this article.
- (b) Employees returning from military leave shall be entitled to sick leave accruals as provided by applicable Minnesota statute.
- (c) An employee, following reinstatement or re-employment within two years after separation, will, upon request, receive credit for prior service in computing sick leave credits. These credits will only apply to severance pay benefits and only after such employee has accumulated sufficient sick leave credits following reinstatement or re-employment to qualify for minimum severance pay benefits. No such credit will be applied to an employee reinstated or re-employed for the second or subsequent time.

Section 14.06 - Sick Leave Termination

No sick leave shall be granted an employee who is not on the active payroll or who is not available for scheduled work. Layoff of an employee on sick leave shall terminate the employee's sick leave.

Section 14.07 - Employees on Suspension

Employees who have been suspended for disciplinary purposes shall not be granted sick leave accruals or benefits for such period(s) of suspension.

Section 14.08 - Employees on Leave of Absence Without Pay

An employee who has been granted a leave of absence without pay, except a military leave, shall not be granted sick leave accruals or benefits for such periods of leave of absence without pay.

Section 14.09 - Workers' Compensation and Sick Leave

Employees in the classified service shall have the option of using available sick leave accruals, vacation accruals, or of receiving workers' compensation (if qualified under the provisions of the *Minnesota Workers' Compensation Statute*) where sickness or injury was incurred in the line of duty. If sick leave or vacation is used, payments of full salary shall include the workers' compensation to which the employees are entitled under the applicable Minnesota statute, and the employees shall receipt for such compensation payments. If sick leave or vacation is used, the employee's sick leave or vacation credits shall be charged only for the number of days represented by the amount paid to them in excess of the workers' compensation payments to which they are entitled under the applicable Minnesota statute. If an employee is required to reimburse the Employer for the compensation payments thus received, by reason of the employee's settlement with a third party, their sick leave or vacation will be reinstated for the number of days which the reimbursement equals in terms of salary. In calculating the number of days, periods of one-half (½) or more shall be considered as one (1) day and periods of less than one-half (½) day shall be disregarded.

Section 14.10 - Notification Required

Employees shall be required to notify their immediate supervisor as soon as possible of any occurrence within the scope of this article which prevents work. If the Employer has provided pre-work shift contact arrangements, employees shall be required to provide such notification no later than one (1) hour before the start of the work shift. If no such arrangements have been made, employees shall be required to provide such notification as soon as possible but in no event later than one-half (½) hour after the start of the shift.

ARTICLE 15

SICK LEAVE CREDIT PAY AND SEVERANCE PAY

Section 15.01 - Annual Sick Leave Credit Plan

An employee, who satisfies the eligibility requirements of this Section, shall be entitled to make an election to receive payment for sick leave under the terms and conditions set forth below.

- (a) **Eligibility.** An employee who has an accumulation of sick leave of sixty (60) days or more on December 1 of each year (hereafter an "Eligible Employee") shall be eligible to make the election described below.
- (b) **Election.** On or before December 10 of each year, the Employer shall provide to each Eligible Employee a written election form on which the Eligible

Employee may elect whether they want to receive cash payment for all or any portion of their sick leave that will be accrued during the calendar year immediately following the election (the “Accrual Year”). The employee shall deliver the election form to the Employer on or before December 31. Such election is irrevocable. Therefore, once an Eligible Employee transmits their election form to the Employer, the employee may not revoke the decision to receive cash payment for sick leave or change the amount of sick leave for which payment is to be made. If an Eligible Employee does not transmit an election form to the employer on or before December 31, they shall be considered to have directed the Employer to NOT make a cash payment for sick leave accrued during the Accrual Year.

- (c) Payment. Within sixty (60) days after the end of the Accrual Year, an Eligible Employee who has elected to receive cash payment shall be paid as follows:
- i. *At Least Sixty (60) Days, But Less Than Ninety (90) Days*. Payment shall be made for the amount of sick leave accrued during the Accrual Year up to the amount indicated by the employee on their election form. The amount of the payment shall be based on fifty percent (50%) of the employee’s regular hourly rate of pay in effect on December 31 of the Accrual Year.
 - ii. *At Least Ninety (90) Days, But Less Than One Hundred Twenty (120) Days*. Payment shall be made for the amount of sick leave accrued during the accrual year up to the amount indicated by the employee on their election form. The amount of the payment shall be based on seventy-five percent (75%) of the employee’s regular hourly rate of pay in effect on December 31 of the Accrual Year.
 - iii. *At Least One Hundred Twenty (120) Days*. Payment shall be made for the amount of sick leave accrued during the accrual year up to the amount indicated by the employee on their election form. The amount of the payment shall be based on one hundred percent (100%) of the employee’s regular hourly rate of pay in effect on December 31 of the Accrual Year.
- (d) Adjustment of Sick Leave Bank. The number of hours for which payment is made shall be deducted from the Eligible Employee’s sick leave bank at the time payment is made.
- (e) Deferred Compensation. Employees, at their sole option, may authorize and direct the Employer to deposit sick leave credit pay under paragraph (c) to a deferred compensation plan or other tax qualified plan administered by the Employer provided such option is exercised at the same annual time as regular changes in deferred compensation payroll deductions are normally permitted.

Section 15.02 - Accrued Sick Leave Separation Plan

Employees who separate from positions in the qualified service and who meet the requirements set forth in this Article shall be paid in the manner and amount set forth herein.

- (a) Payment for accrued but unused sick leave shall be made only to separated former employees who:
 - i. have separated from service; and
 - ii. as of the date of separation had accrued sick leave credit of no less than sixty (60) days; and
 - iii. as of the date of separation had:
 - 1. no less than twenty (20) years of qualified service as computed for separation purposes, or
 - 2. who have reached sixty years of age, or
 - 3. who are required to separate early because of disability.
- (b) When an employee having no less than sixty (60) days of accrued sick leave dies prior to separation, they shall be deemed to have separated because of disability at the time of death, and payment for their accrued sick leave shall be paid to the designated beneficiary as provided in this Section.
- (c) The amount payable to each employee qualified hereunder shall be one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) the daily rate of pay for the position held by the employee on the day of separation, notwithstanding subsequent retroactive pay increases, for each day of accrued sick leave subject to a minimum of sixty (60) days.
- (d) 100% of the amount payable under this Section shall be deposited into the Health Care Savings Account (MSRS). This deposit shall occur within thirty (30) days of the date of separation; provided, however, that in the case of involuntary termination, this deposit shall occur only after final disposition is reached or all timelines to contest the discharge have expired, whichever is later.
- (e) If an employee entitled to payment under this Section dies prior to receiving the full amount of such benefit, the payment shall be made to the beneficiary entitled to the proceeds of their Minneapolis group life insurance policy or to the employee's estate if no beneficiary is listed.

ARTICLE 16 **GROUP INSURANCE**

Section 16.01 - Group Health Insurance

Subd. 1. Definitions

- (a) **Benefit Eligible Employee.** A benefit eligible employee is an Employee who has met the benefit eligibility requirements under Subd. 2 of this Section 16.01.
- (b) **Full-time Employee.** For the purposes of this Article, a Full-time Employee is an employee assigned to a position designated as .75 FTE or greater.
- (c) **Certified Employee.** A certified employee is an employee who has been hired by a City department from a list of candidates eligible to be hired.

Subd.2. Benefit Eligibility Requirements

Group medical benefit coverage starts for Full-Time Employees on the first day of the month following completion of one month of continuous employment, provided the employee has timely submitted the proper enrollment forms. For all other group benefits, coverage starts for Certified Full-Time Employees on the first day of the month following completion of one month of continuous employment, provided the employee has timely submitted the proper enrollment forms.

Section 16.02 - Full-time Employee Benefits

Subd. 1. Group Medical Plan and HRA/VEBA

- (a) Upon proper application, Benefit Eligible Employees will be enrolled, along with their eligible dependents if desired, as covered participants in one of the Employer's available medical plans and the HRA/VEBA and will be provided with the coverages specified therein.
- (b) Contributions towards medical plan coverage and the HRA VEBA will be determined pursuant to the Letter of Agreement, which is attached to this Collective Bargaining Agreement and hereby incorporated as "Attachment "D".
- (c) Eligible employees may waive coverage under the Employer's available medical plans and by providing written evidence satisfactory to the Employer that they are covered by health insurance or have coverage from another source at the time of open enrollment and sign a waiver of coverage under the Employer's available plans.
- (d) The Minneapolis Board of Business Agents will be entitled to select up to five representatives to participate with the Employer in negotiating with City of Minneapolis medical plan providers regarding the terms and conditions of coverage that are consistent with the benefits conferred under the collective bargaining agreements between the Employer and the certified exclusive representative of the employees. The representatives will have no authority to veto any decision made by the Employer. However, in no instance will this be interpreted as the bargaining units giving up their rights under MN Stat. 471.6161.

Subd. 2. Group Dental Plan

Upon proper application, Benefit Eligible Employees will be enrolled, along with their eligible dependents, in the Employer's group dental plan and will be provided with the coverages specified therein. The Employer will pay the required premiums for the plan on a single/family composite basis.

Subd. 3. Group Life Insurance

Benefit Eligible Employees will be enrolled in the Employers group term life insurance policy and will be provided with a death benefit of the lesser of one (1) times annual compensation as defined by the life insurance policy or fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00). When employees meet eligibility requirements but they are not on active status, they will be eligible to enroll upon their return to active status. The Employer will pay the required premiums for the above amounts and will continue to provide arrangements for employees to purchase additional amounts of life insurance.

Subd. 4. MinneFlex Plan

Upon proper application, Benefit Eligible Employees will be enrolled in the Employer's *MinneFlex* Plan. The *Plan Document* will control all questions of eligibility, enrollment, claims and benefits.

Subd. 5. Long Term Disability Insurance

Benefit Eligible Employees will be enrolled in the Employer's group long term disability insurance policy and will be provided with the coverages specified therein. When the employees meet eligibility requirements but they are not on active status, they will be eligible to enroll upon their return to active status. The Employer will pay the required premiums for the policy.

Section 16.03 - Metro Pass

Provided the City participates in the Metro Pass program offered through Metro Transit, or other Metro Transit program, employees may enroll, following the guidelines and procedures as established by the Employer's Human Resources Department.

ARTICLE 17 **WORK RULES AND UNIFORM ACCOUNTS**

Section 17.01 - Work Rules

The Employer has reserved the right to establish and modify from time-to-time, reasonable rules and regulations which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Agreement. The Employer shall meet and confer with the Association on additions or changes to existing rules and regulations prior to their implementation.

Whenever there is a change in Work Rules, the effected employees will receive a written copy of the modified rule. The employee will be required to sign for the receipt of the modified rule.

Section 17.02 - Uniforms and Clothing Accounts

Traffic Control, Animal Control, and Fire Inspection employees are eligible for a clothing allocation for particular uniforms, insignia and equipment that is required by the Employer in the amount of one thousand dollars (\$1000) per year. Newly hired employees shall be allocated up to three (3) times the annual clothing and equipment allocation in effect at the commencement of the new employees' employment. An employee shall be entitled to the prorated portion of the annual clothing and equipment allocation for the calendar year in which their third anniversary occurs. Employees may use their

uniform allowance to buy body armor [bullet proof vests], but are not required to do so. If the employee leaves the department, they are required to turn in all serviceable uniforms and equipment for the department to re-use.

The employee shall obtain uniform and equipment items from a City-approved vendor and turn in all packing lists/proof of delivery from the transaction to the department's designee. The City will then pay the vendor for the items purchased using a City-generated purchase order.

The Employer shall maintain a Uniform Committee consisting of supervisory and non-supervisory employees. The purpose of this Committee is to make recommendations to management regarding an acceptable list of uniforms and equipment, which must be obtained in order to commence and maintain employment with the Department.

ARTICLE 18 **DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED**

In the application of this Agreement's terms and provisions, no employee shall be discriminated against in an unlawful manner as defined by applicable City, state and/or federal law or because of an employee's political affiliation. The Parties recognize *sexual harassment* as defined by City, state and/or federal regulations to be unlawful discrimination within the meaning of this article.

Further, the Minneapolis City Supervisors Association recognizes the continued problem that the City of Minneapolis has with claims of hostility in the workplace. The Association also acknowledges the role and responsibility of the Supervisor in the workplace and will work to assure that Supervisors will not support the harassment of any employee. It pledges to continue to work with the City to prevent these issues from occurring by partnering in development of appropriate training, evaluation of current systems which may be causing such problems, and appropriate interventions which may help resolve conflict in work site problems. It will also work with the City in communicating the values of the City, and the initiatives that will help to create healthier work environments, for all of the Departments represented by the Association.

ARTICLE 19 **SAFETY**

Section 19.01 - Mutual Responsibility

It shall be the policy of the Employer to provide for the safety of its employees by providing safe working conditions, safe work areas and safe work methods. Employees shall have the responsibility to use all provided safety equipment and procedures in their daily work, shall cooperate in all safety and accident prevention programs, and shall diligently observe all safety rules promulgated by the Employer. Upon the request of either Party, but not more frequently than once each calendar month, the Association and the Employer shall meet and confer relative to health and safety matters.

Section 19.02 - Safety Shoe Expense Reimbursements

Employees who are required by the Employer to wear safety shoes as a condition of employment shall be eligible to participate in the Employer's Safety Shoe Expense Reimbursement Program. Such program shall provide up to one hundred (\$140) dollars per year. The employee has the option of a one (1) year

carry over. The carry over potential shall be two-hundred (\$280) dollars. Employees shall be required to submit adequate proof of purchase or repair before reimbursements are made.

Section 19.03 - Medical Evaluations

In the event the Employer requires an employee to undergo a medical evaluation for any reason, either by the employee's personal physician or by a physician of the Employer's selection, the Employer shall pay the fee charged for such examination if such fee is not covered through the health insurance program made available to employees by the Employer and compensate the involved employee at their regular, straight-time rate of pay for regularly scheduled work time the employee was unable to work because of the examination.

Section 19.04 - Benefits During Workers' Compensation Absences

Employees who are unable to work due to a work-related illness or injury and who are placed on a workers' compensation leave of absence shall continue to receive medical, life and dental insurance benefits until they have either been released for work with temporary restrictions or have reached maximum medical improvement and/or permanent restrictions whichever occurs sooner. Employees shall be compensated for all work time lost on the day a work-related injury occurs where medical treatment is necessary. Moreover, such employees shall be compensated for up to one (1) hour of work time for each fitness-for-duty examination which occurs during the employee's absence. Such compensation shall not be paid, however, where the employee is drawing workers' compensation *lost time* benefits.

Upon return to work employees shall be credited for time served on workers' compensation or disability pension as the result of disability incurred on the job. Such time shall be used for the purpose of determining the amount of vacation to which they are entitled each year thereafter.

Section 19.05 - Drug and Alcohol Testing

Employees may be tested for drugs and/or alcohol pursuant to the provisions of the Reasonable Suspicion Drug and Alcohol Testing LOA which is attached hereto and made a part of this Agreement as if more fully set forth herein.

ARTICLE 20 **SUBCONTRACTING AND PRIVATIZATION**

The Employer shall provide the Association with sixty (60) days written notice prior to the effective date of any subcontract or privatization agreement which may have an adverse effect on bargaining unit employees. At the request of the Association, the Parties shall meet and negotiate in an effort to minimize the adverse effects of the Employer's decision upon affected bargaining unit employees.

ARTICLE 21 **COLLECTIVE BARGAINING**

Section 21.01 - Entire Agreement

The Parties acknowledge that during the negotiations which resulted in this Agreement, each had the unlimited right and opportunity to make demands and proposals with respect to any subject or matter not removed by law from the area of collective bargaining, and that the understandings and agreements arrived at by the Parties after the exercise of that right and opportunity are set forth in this Agreement. Therefore, the Employer and the Association, for the duration of this Agreement, each waives the right, and each agrees that the other shall not be obligated to bargain collectively with respect to any subject or matter referred to, or covered in this Agreement, or with respect to any subject or matter not specifically referred to, or covered in this Agreement, even though such subjects or matters may not have been within the knowledge or contemplation of either or both of the Parties at the time they negotiated or signed this Agreement. This Agreement may, however, be amended during its term by the Parties mutual written agreement.

In the event any provision of this Agreement is found to be contrary to law by a court of competent jurisdiction from whose final judgment or decree no appeal has been taken within the time provided therefore, such provision shall be voided. All other provisions, however, shall continue in full force and effect.

ARTICLE 22 **TERM OF AGREEMENT**

Section 22.01 - Term of Agreement and Renewal

The provisions of this Agreement shall become effective on the 1st day of January 1, 2020, and shall remain in full force and effect through December 31, 2021. It shall be automatically renewed from year to year thereafter unless either party shall notify the other in writing no later than ninety (90) calendar days prior to the expiration of this Agreement that it desires to modify the Agreement. In the event such notice is given, negotiations shall commence on a mutually agreeable date.

Section 22.02 - Post-Expiration Life of Agreement

This Agreement shall remain in full force and effect during the full period of negotiations for a successor Agreement.

SIGNATURE PAGE TO FOLLOW

ATTACHMENT A

LETTER OF AGREEMENT Reasonable Suspicion Drug and Alcohol Testing

1. **PURPOSE STATEMENT** - Abuse of drugs and alcohol is a nationwide problem. It affects persons of every age, race, sex and ethnic group. It poses risks to the health and safety of employees of the City of Minneapolis and to the public. To reduce those risks, the City has adopted this LOA concerning drugs and alcohol in the workplace. This LOA establishes standards concerning drugs and alcohol which all employees must meet and it establishes a testing procedure to ensure that those standards are met.

This drug and alcohol testing LOA is intended to conform to the provisions of the Minnesota *Drug and Alcohol Testing in the Workplace Act* (Minnesota Statutes §181.950 through 181.957), as well as the requirements of the federal *Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988* (Public Law 100-690, Title V, Subtitle D) and related federal regulations. Nothing in this LOA shall be construed as a limitation upon the Employer's obligation to comply with federal law and regulations regarding drug and alcohol testing.

The Human Resources Director is directed to develop and maintain procedures for the implementation and ongoing maintenance of this LOA and to establish training on this LOA and applicable law.

2. **WORK RULES**

- A. No employee shall be under the influence of any drug or alcohol while the employee is working or while the employee is on the Employer's premises or operating the Employer's vehicle, machinery, or equipment, except pursuant to a legitimate medical reason or when approved by the Employer as a proper law enforcement activity.
- B. No employee shall use, possess, sell or transfer drugs, alcohol or drug paraphernalia while the employee is working or while the employee is on the Employer's premises or operating the Employer's vehicle, machinery or equipment, except pursuant to a legitimate medical reason, as determined by the Medical Review Officer, or when approved by the Employer as a proper law enforcement activity.
- C. No employee, while on duty, shall engage or attempt to engage or conspire to engage in conduct which would violate any law or ordinance concerning drugs or alcohol, regardless of whether a criminal conviction results from the conduct.
- D. As a condition of employment, no employee shall engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance in the Employer's workplace.
- E. As a condition of employment, every employee must notify the Employer of any criminal drug statute conviction no later than five (5) days after such conviction.
- F. Any employee who receives a criminal drug statute conviction, if not discharged from employment, must within thirty (30) days satisfactorily participate in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a federal, state or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency.
- G. The Employer shall notify the granting agency within ten (10) days after receiving notice of a criminal drug statute conviction from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction.

PERSONS SUBJECT TO TESTING

Unless otherwise specified, all employees are subject to testing under applicable sections of this LOA. However, no person will be tested for drugs or alcohol under this LOA without the person's consent. The Employer can request or require an individual to undergo drug or alcohol testing **only under the circumstances described in this LOA.**

3. CIRCUMSTANCES FOR DRUG OR ALCOHOL TESTING

- A. **Reasonable Suspicion Testing.** The Employer may, but does not have a legal duty to, request or require an employee to undergo drug and alcohol testing if the Employer or any supervisor of the employee has a reasonable suspicion (a belief based on specific facts and rational inferences drawn from those facts) related to the performance of the job that the employee:
- Is under the influence of drugs or alcohol while the employee is working or while the employee is on the Employer's premises or operating the Employer's vehicle, machinery, or equipment; or
1. Has used, possessed, sold, purchased or transferred drugs, alcohol or drug paraphernalia while the employee was working or while the employee was on the Employer's premises or operating the Employer's vehicle, machinery or equipment; or
 2. Has sustained a personal injury as that term is defined in *Minnesota Statutes* §176.011, Subd. 16, or has caused another person to die or sustain a personal injury; or
 3. Was operating or helping to operate machinery, equipment, or vehicles involved in a work-related accident resulting in property damage or personal injury and the Employer or investigating supervisor has a reasonable suspicion that the cause of the accident may be related to the use of drugs or alcohol.

Whenever it is possible and practical to do so, more than one Agent of the Employer shall be involved in reasonable suspicion determinations under this LOA.

- B. **Treatment Program Testing** – The employer may request or require an employee to submit to drug and alcohol testing if the employee is referred for chemical dependency treatment by reason of having a positive test result under this LOA or is participating in a chemical dependency treatment program under an employee benefit plan. In such case, the employee may be required to submit to drug or alcohol testing without prior notice during the evaluation or treatment period and for a period of up to two years following notification that they will be subjected to Treatment Program Testing.
- C. **Unannounced Testing by Agreement.** The employer may request or require an employee to submit to drug and alcohol testing without prior notice on terms and conditions established by a written “last-chance” agreement between the Employer and employee’s collective bargaining representative.
- D. **Testing Pursuant to Federal Law.** The employer may request or require an employee to submit to testing as may be necessary to comply with federal law and regulations. It is the intent of this LOA that federal law preempts both state drug and alcohol testing laws and City policies and agreements. If this LOA conflicts with federal law or regulations, federal law and regulations shall prevail. If there are conflicts between federal regulations and this LOA, attributed in part to revisions to the law or changes in interpretations, and when those changes have not been updated or accurately reflected in this policy, the federal law shall prevail.

4. REFUSAL TO UNDERGO TESTING

- A. **Right to Refuse** - Employees have the right to refuse to undergo drug and alcohol testing. If an employee refuses to undergo drug or alcohol testing requested or required by the Employer, no such test shall be given.
- B. **Consequences of Refusal** - If any employee refuses to undergo drug or alcohol testing requested or required by the Employer, the Employer may subject the employee to disciplinary action up to and including discharge from employment.
- C. **Refusal on Religious Grounds** - No employee who refuses to undergo drug or alcohol testing of a blood sample upon religious grounds shall be deemed to have refused unless the employee also refuses to undergo alternative drug or alcohol testing methods.
- D. **Failure to Provide a Valid Sample with a Certified Result** – Includes but is not limited to: 1) failing to provide a valid sample that can be used to detect the presence of drugs and alcohol or their metabolites; 2) providing false information in connection with a test; 3) attempting to falsify test results through tampering, contamination, adulteration, or substitution; 4) failing to provide a specimen without a legitimate medical explanation; and 5) demonstrating behavior which is obstructive, uncooperative, or verbally offensive, and which results in the inability to conduct the test.

5. PROCEDURE FOR TESTING

- A. **Notification Form** - Before requesting an employee to undergo drug or alcohol testing, the Employer shall provide the individual with a form on which to (1) acknowledge that the individual has seen a copy of the Employer's *Drug and Alcohol Testing LOA*, and (2) indicate consent to undergo the drug and alcohol testing.
- B. **Collecting the Test Sample** - The test sample shall be obtained in a private setting, and the procedures for taking the sample shall ensure privacy to employees to the extent practicable, consistent with preventing tampering with the sample. All test samples shall be obtained by or under the direct supervision of a health care professional.
- C. **Testing the Sample** - The handling and testing of the sample shall be conducted in the manner specified in Minn. Stat. §181.953 by a testing laboratory which meets, and uses methods of analysis which meet, the criteria specified in subdivisions.1, 3, and 5 of that statute.
- D. **Thresholds** - The threshold of a sample to constitute a positive result alcohol, drugs, or their metabolites is contained in the standards of one of the programs listed in MN Statute §181.953, subd 1. The employer shall, not less than annually, provide the unions with a list or *access to a list* of substances tested for under this LOA and the threshold limits for each substance. In addition, the employer shall notify the unions of any changes to the substances being tested for and of any changes to the thresholds at least thirty (30) days prior to implementation.
- E. **Positive Test Results** - In the event an employee tests positive for drug use, the employee will be provided, in writing, notice of their right to explain the test results. The employee may indicate any relevant circumstance, including over the counter or prescription medication taken within the last thirty (30) days, or any other information relevant to the reliability of, or explanation for, a positive test result.

6. RIGHTS OF EMPLOYEES

Within three (3) working days after receipt of the test result report from the Medical Review Officer, the Employer shall inform in writing an employee who has undergone drug or alcohol testing of:

- A. A negative test result on an initial screening test or of a negative or positive test result on a confirmatory test;
- B. The right to request and receive from the Employer a copy of the test result report;
- C. The right to request within five (5) working days after notice of a positive test result a confirmatory retest of the original sample at the employee's expense at the original testing laboratory or another licensed testing laboratory;
- D. The right to submit information to the Employer's Medical Review Officer within three (3) working days after notice of a positive test result to explain that result; indicate any over the counter or prescription medications that the employee is currently taking or has recently taken and any other information relevant to the reliability of, or explanation for, a positive test result;
- E. The right of an employee for whom a positive test result on a confirmatory test was the first such result for the employee on a drug or alcohol test requested by the Employer not to be discharged unless the employee has been determined by a Minnesota Licensed Alcohol and Drug Counselor (LADC) or a physician trained in the diagnosis and treatment of chemical dependency to be chemically dependent and the Employer has first given the employee an opportunity to participate in, at the employee's own expense or pursuant to coverage under an employee benefit plan, either a drug or alcohol counseling or rehabilitation program, whichever is more appropriate, as determined by the Employer after consultation with a Minnesota LADC or a physician trained in the diagnosis and treatment of chemical dependency, and the employee has either refused to participate in the counseling or rehabilitation program or has failed to successfully complete the program, as evidenced by withdrawal from the program before its completion;
- F. The right to not be discharged, disciplined, discriminated against, or requested or required to undergo rehabilitation on the basis of a positive test result from an initial screening test that has not been verified by a confirmatory test;
- G. The right, if suspended without pay, to be reinstated with back pay if the outcome of the confirmatory test or requested confirmatory retest is negative;
- H. The right to not be discharged, disciplined, discriminated against, or required to be rehabilitated on the basis of medical history information revealed to the Employer concerning the reliability of, or explanation for, a positive test result unless the employee was under an affirmative duty to provide the information before, upon, or after hire;
- I. The right to review all information relating to positive test result reports and other information acquired in the drug and alcohol testing process, and conclusions drawn from and actions taken based on the reports or acquired information;
- J. The right to suffer no adverse personnel action if a properly requested confirmatory retest does not confirm the result of an original confirmatory test using the same drug or alcohol threshold detection levels as used in the original confirmatory test.
- K. The right to suffer no adverse personnel action based solely on the fact that the employee is requested

to submit to a test.

7. ACTION AFTER TEST

The Employer will not discharge, discipline, discriminate against, or request or require rehabilitation of an employee solely on the basis of requesting that an employee submit to a test or the existence of a positive test result from an initial screening test that has not been verified by a confirmatory test.

A. **Positive Test Result.** Where there has been a positive test result in a confirmatory test and in any confirmatory retest (if the employee requested one), the Employer will do the following unless the employee has furnished a legitimate medical reason for the positive test result:

1. **First Offense** - The employee will be referred for an evaluation by an LADC or a physician trained in the diagnosis and treatment of chemical dependency.
 - a. If that evaluation determines that the employee has a chemical dependency or abuse problem, the Employer will give the employee an opportunity to participate in, at the employee's own expense or pursuant to coverage under an employee benefit plan, either a drug or alcohol counseling or rehabilitation program, whichever is more appropriate, as determined by the Employer after consultation with an LADC or a physician trained in the diagnosis and treatment of chemical dependency.
 - b. If the employee either refuses to participate in the counseling or rehabilitation program or fails to successfully complete the program, as evidenced by withdrawal or discharge from the program before its completion, the Employer may impose discipline, up to and including discharge.
2. **Second Offense** - Where an employee tests positive, and the employee has previously participated in one program of treatment required by the Employer, the Employer may discharge the employee from employment.

B. Suspensions and Transfers.

1. **Pending Test Results From an Initial Screening Test or Confirmatory Test.** While awaiting the results from the Medical Review Officer, the employee shall be allowed to return to work unless the Employer reasonably believes that restrictions on the employee's work status are necessary to protect the health or safety of the employee, other City employees, or the public, and the conduct upon which the employee became subject to drug and alcohol testing would, independent of the of the results of the test, be grounds for discipline. In such circumstances, the employer may temporarily suspend the tested employee with pay, place the employee on paid investigatory leave or transfer the employee to another position at the same rate of pay.
2. **Pending Results of Confirmatory Retest. Confirmatory retests of the original sample are at the employee's own expense.** When an employee requests that a confirmatory retest be conducted, the employer may place the employee on unpaid leave, place the employee on paid investigatory leave or transfer the employee to another position at the same rate of pay provided the Employer reasonably believes that restrictions on the employee's work status are necessary to protect the health or safety of the employee, other City employees, or the public. An employee placed on unpaid leave may use their accrued and unused vacation or compensatory time during the time of leave. An employee who has been placed on unpaid leave must be made whole if the outcome of the confirmatory retest is negative.

3. **Rights of Employee in Event of Work Restrictions.** In situations where the employee is not allowed to remain at work until the end of their normal work day pursuant to this paragraph B, the Employer may not prevent the employee from removing their personal property, including but not limited to the employee's vehicle, from the Employer's premises. If the employer reasonably believes that upon early dismissal from work under this paragraph the employee is about to commit a criminal offense by operating a motor vehicle while impaired by drugs or alcohol, the Employer may advise the employee that 911 will be called if the employee attempts to drive or call 911 before dismissing the employee from work so that a law enforcement officer may determine whether the employee is able to operate a motor vehicle legally. This LOA is not applicable with regard to any such determination by a law enforcement officer.
- C. **Other Misconduct** - Nothing in this LOA limits the right of the Employer to discipline or discharge an employee on grounds other than a positive test result in a confirmatory test, subject to the requirements of law, the rules of the Civil Service Commission, and the terms of any applicable collective bargaining agreement. For example, if evidence other than a positive test result indicates that an employee engaged in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance in the Employer's workplace, the employee may receive a warning, a written reprimand, a suspension without pay, a demotion, or a discharge from employment, depending upon the circumstances, and subject to the above requirements.
- D. **Other Consequences** – Other actions may be taken pursuant to Civil Service Rules, collective bargaining agreements or laws.
- E. **Treatment Program Testing** – The Employer may request or require an employee to undergo drug and alcohol testing if the employee has been referred by the employer for chemical dependency treatment or evaluation or is participating in a chemical dependency treatment program under an employee benefit plan, in which case the employee may be requested or required to undergo drug or alcohol testing without prior notice during the evaluation or treatment period and for a period of up to two years following completion of any prescribed chemical dependency treatment program.

8. DATA PRIVACY

The purpose of collecting a body component sample is to test that sample for the presence of drugs or alcohol or their metabolites. A sample provided for drug or alcohol testing will not be tested for any other purpose. The name, initials and social security number of the person providing the sample are requested so that the sample can be identified accurately but confidentially. Information about medications and other information relevant to the reliability of, or explanation for, a positive test result is requested to ensure that the test is reliable and to determine whether there is a legitimate medical reason for any drug or alcohol in the sample. All data collected, including that in the notification form and the test report, is intended for use in determining the suitability of the employee for employment. The employee may refuse to supply the requested data; however, refusal to supply the requested data may affect the person's employment status. The Employer will not disclose the test result reports and other information acquired in the drug or alcohol testing process to another employer or to a third-party individual, governmental agency, or private organization without the written consent of the person tested, unless permitted by law or court order.

9. APPEAL PROCEDURES

- A. Employees may appeal discipline imposed under this LOA through the Dispute Resolution Procedure contained in the Collective Bargaining Agreement (i.e. grievance procedure) or to the Minneapolis Civil Service Commission.

- B. Concerning disciplinary actions taken pursuant to this drug and alcohol testing LOA, available Civil Service Commission appeal procedures are as follows:
- 1) Non-Veterans on Probation: An employee who has not completed the probationary period and who is not a Veteran has no right of appeal to the Civil Service Commission.
 - 2) Non-Veterans After Probation: An employee who has completed the probationary period and who is not a Veteran has a right to appeal to the Civil Service Commission only a suspension of over thirty (30) days, a permanent demotion (including salary decreases), or a discharge, if the employee submits a notice of appeal within ten (10) calendar days of the date of mailing by the Employer of notice of the disciplinary action.
 - 3) Veterans: An employee who is a Veteran has a right to appeal to the Civil Service Commission a permanent demotion (including salary decreases), or a discharge, if the employee submits a notice of appeal within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of mailing by the Employer of notice of the disciplinary action, regardless of status with respect to the probationary period. An employee who is a Veteran has a right to appeal to the Civil Service Commission a suspension of over thirty (30) days if the employee submits a notice of appeal within ten (10) calendar days of the date of mailing by the Employer of notice of the disciplinary action. An employee who is a Veteran may have additional rights under the Veterans Preference Act, *Minnesota Statutes* §197.46.
- C. All notices of appeal to the Civil Service Commission must be submitted in writing to the Minneapolis Civil Service Commission, 250 South 4th Street - Room #100, Minneapolis, MN 55415-1339.
- D. An employee may elect to seek relief under the terms of their collective bargaining agreement by contacting the appropriate Union and initiating grievance procedures in lieu of taking an appeal to the Civil Service Commission.

10. EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE

Drug and alcohol counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance are available from or through the Employer's employee assistance program provider(s) (E.A.P.).

11. DISTRIBUTION

Each employee engaged in the performance of any federal grant or contract shall be given a copy of this LOA.

12. DEFINITIONS

- A. **Confirmatory Test** and **Confirmatory Retest** mean a drug or alcohol test that uses a method of analysis allowed by the *Minnesota Drug and Alcohol Testing in the Workplace Act* to be used for such purposes.
- B. **Controlled Substance** means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of [Minnesota Statute § 152.02](#).
- C. **Conviction** - means a finding of guilt (including a plea of nolo contendere (no contest)) or imposition of sentence, or both, by any judicial body charged with the responsibility to determine violations of federal or state criminal drug statutes.

- D. ***Criminal Drug Statute*** means a federal or non-federal criminal statute involving the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, use or possession of any controlled substance.
- E. ***Drug*** means a controlled substance as defined in *Minnesota Statutes* §152.01, Subd. 4.
- F. ***Drug and Alcohol Testing, Drug or Alcohol Testing, and Drug or Alcohol Test*** mean analysis of a body component sample approved according to the standards established by the Minnesota *Drug and Alcohol Testing in the Workplace Act*, for the purpose of measuring the presence or absence of drugs, alcohol, or their metabolites in the sample tested.
- G. ***Drug-Free Workplace*** means a site for the performance of work done in connection with any federal grant or contract at which employees are prohibited from engaging in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession or use of a controlled substance.
- H. ***Drug Paraphernalia*** has the meaning defined in *Minnesota Statutes* §152.01, Subd. 18.
- I. ***Employee*** for the purposes of this LOA means a person, independent contractor, or person working for an independent contractor who performs services for the City of Minneapolis for compensation, in whatever form, including any employee directly engaged in the performance of work pursuant to the provisions of any federal grant or contract.
- J. ***Employer*** means the City of Minneapolis acting through a department head or any designee of the department head.
- K. ***Federal Agency* or *Agency*** means any United States executive department, military department, government corporation, government-controlled corporation, any other establishment in the executive branch or any independent regulatory agency.
- L. ***Grant*** means an award of financial assistance - including a cooperative agreement - in the form of money, or property in lieu of money, by a federal agency directly to a grantee. The term *grant* includes block grant and entitlement grant programs. The term does not include any benefits to veterans or their families.
- M. ***Grantee*** means a person who applies for or receives a grant directly from a federal agency. The place of performance of a grant is wherever activity under the grant occurs.
- N. ***Individual*** means a grantee/contractor who is a natural person. This wording emphasizes that an individual differs both from an organization made up of more than one individual and from corporations, which can be regarded as a single “person” for some legal purposes.
- O. ***Initial Screening Test*** means a drug or alcohol test which uses a method of analysis allowed by the Minnesota *Drug and Alcohol Testing in the Workplace Act* to be used for such purposes.
- P. ***Legitimate Medical Reason*** means (1) a written prescription, or an oral prescription reduced to writing, which satisfies the requisites of *Minnesota Statutes* §152.11, and names the employee as the person for whose use it is intended; and (2) a drug prescribed, administered and dispensed in the course of professional practice by or under the direction and supervision of a licensed doctor, as described in *Minnesota Statutes* §152.12; and (3) a drug used in accord with the terms of the prescription. Use of any over-the-counter medication in accord with the terms of the product's directions for use shall also constitute a *legitimate medical reason*.
- Q. ***Medical Review Officer*** means a physician certified by a recognized certifying authority who

CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

**NOTIFICATION AND CONSENT FORM FOR DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING
(REASONABLE SUSPICION)**

AND DATA PRACTICES ADVISORY

I acknowledge that I have seen and read the City of Minneapolis *Drug and Alcohol Testing LOA*. I hereby consent to undergo drug and/or alcohol testing pursuant to said LOA, and I authorize the City of Minneapolis through its agents and employees to collect a sample from me for those purposes.

I understand that the procedure employed in this process will ensure the integrity of the sample and is designed to comply with medicolegal requirements.

I understand that the results of this drug and alcohol testing may be discussed with and/or made available to my employer, the City of Minneapolis. I further understand that the results of this testing may affect my employment status as described in the LOA.

The purpose of collecting a sample is to test that sample for the presence of drugs and alcohol. A sample provided for drug and alcohol testing will not be tested for any other purpose. The name, initials and social security number of the person providing the sample may be requested so that the sample can be identified accurately but confidentially. Information about medications and other information relevant to the reliability of, or explanation for, a positive test result will be requested by the Medical Review Officer (MRO) to ensure that the test is reliable and to determine whether there is a legitimate medical reason for any drug, alcohol, or their metabolites in the sample.

The MRO may only disclose to the City of Minneapolis test result data regarding presence or absence of drugs, alcohol, or their metabolites, in a sample tested. The City of Minneapolis or laboratory may not disclose the test result reports and other information acquired in the drug testing process to another employer or to a third-party individual, governmental agency, or private organization without the written consent of the person tested, unless permitted by law or court order. Evidence of a positive test result on a confirmatory test may be: (1) used in an arbitration proceeding pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement, an administrative hearing under Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 43A or other applicable state or local law, or a judicial proceeding, provided that information is relevant to the hearing or proceeding; (2) disclosed to any federal agency or other unit of the United States government as required under federal law, regulation, or order, or in accordance with compliance requirements of a federal government contract; and (3) disclosed as required by law, court order, or subpoena. Positive test results may not be used as evidence in a criminal action against the employee tested.

Name (Please Print or Type)

Social Security Number

Signature

Date and Time

Witness

Date and Time

ATTACHMENT B

CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

And

MINNEAPOLIS CITY
SUPERVISORS ASSOCIATION

LETTER OF AGREEMENT Job Bank and Related Matters

The above-entitled Parties are signatory to a Labor Agreement which most recently took effect on January 1, 2022 (the “Labor Agreement”). This Letter of Agreement outlines additional agreements reached by the Parties during the course of collective bargaining which resulted in the making of the Agreement and which the Parties now desire to confirm.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The Employer has created a *Job Bank* as a component of its resources allocation (budget) process. The purpose of the Job Bank is to assist the Employer and its employees during a time of major restructuring and change caused by unyielding demands for municipal service in the face of decreasing funding. It is the Employer’s intention, to the extent feasible under these circumstances, to identify employment opportunities for employees whose positions are eliminated through reassignment, retraining and out-placement support. One of the purposes of the Job Bank process is to minimize, to the extent possible, the disruption normally associated with contractual “bumping” and layoff procedures to both the Employer and affected employees.

The Job Bank process shall be administered in a manner which is consistent with the Employer’s desire to treat affected employees with dignity and respect at a difficult time in their relationship and to provide as much information and assistance to them as may be reasonably possible and practical within the limited resources available.

The term “Recall List” as used in this Agreement means the list of employees who are laid off from employment with the City or removed from their position by reason of a reduction in the size of the workforce, and who retain a right to return to their prior job classification pursuant to the terms of the Labor Agreement and/or Civil Service rules.

JOB BANK PROCESS AND PROCEDURE

I. Job Bank Assignment

1. Regular (*permanently certified*) employees whose positions are eliminated shall receive formal, written notification to that effect from the appointing authority of the department to which they are assigned. If a position is to be eliminated in any department, the employee with the least amount of seniority in the particular job class within the impacted division/department will be placed in the job bank, regardless of performance, assignment, function or other consideration. For the purposes of this section, a division is defined as an

operational unit headed by a supervisory director or deputy who reports directly to a department head. If a department is of such a size as to have no distinct divisions, the department shall be treated as a division. Whether the layoff will be implemented relative to the least senior in a division or department will be determined by the terms of the Labor Agreement covering the impacted positions.

2. Such employees shall be assigned to the Job Bank. Employees whose positions have been eliminated based on the Employer's regular annual budget process, including the Mayor's proposed budget and/or the final annual City budget as passed by the City Council, or as otherwise ordered by the City Council, are entitled to a sixty (60) day tenure in the job bank. All positions eliminated based on the Mayor's proposed budget and/or the final annual City budget as passed by the City Council must be so eliminated after the Mayor's proposed budget is announced but no later than January 1, of the next budget cycle (unless the department/division intends to eliminate at a later date as part of their final annual budget for that year). Employees whose positions have been eliminated based on any mid-cycle budget or revenue reductions not controlled by the Mayor and the City Council, are entitled to a thirty (30) day tenure in the job bank, or until they are reassigned, whichever may first occur. All such employees in the Job Bank shall have extended job bank services for as long as they remain on a recall list. During such period such laid off employees shall form a pool for "restricted examination" for positions for which they may be qualified. The employee will notify the City of their interest in being considered. The Union will assist in notifying these employees of vacancies to be filled. A permit position shall be considered a "vacancy" if it is in a job classification impacted by the workforce reduction and if more than 60 days remain on the permit.
3. Permit and temporary employees whose employment is terminated are not eligible for Job Bank assignment or benefits. Certified temporary employees shall, however, be eligible for the Job Bank activities described in paragraphs 2(c) below.

II. Job Bank Activities

1. While affected employees are assigned to the Job Bank, they shall continue in their positions with no change in pay or benefits. While so assigned, however, affected employees may be required to perform duties outside of their assigned job classifications and/or they may be required to perform such duties at a different location as determined by the Employer.
2. While affected employees are assigned to the Job Bank, the Employer shall make reasonable efforts to identify vacant positions within its organization which may provide continuing employment opportunities and which may be deemed suitable for affected employees by all concerned.
 - a. **Lateral Transfer.** Employees may request to be transferred to a vacant position in another job classification at the same MCSC Grade level provided they meet the minimum qualifications for the position.
 - i. **Seniority Upon Transfer.** In addition to earning job classification seniority in their new title, transferred employees shall continue to accrue job classification seniority in their former title and they shall have the right to return to their former title if the position to which they have transferred is

later eliminated. In the event the transfer is to a formerly held job classification, seniority in the new (formerly held) title shall run from the date upon which they were first certified to the former classification.

ii. **Pay Upon Transfer.** The employee's salary in the new position will be their former salary or that of the next available step in the pay progression schedule for the new title which provides for an increase in salary if no equal pay progression step exists. If the employee's salary in the former position is greater than the maximum salary applicable to the new title, the employee's salary will be *red circled* until the maximum salary for the new title meets the employees' red circled rate. Such employees shall, however, be eligible for fifty percent (50%) of the negotiated general increase occurring during the term of the Agreement. Lateral transfers shall not affect anniversary dates of employment for pay progression purposes.

iii. **Probationary Periods.** Employees transferring to a different title will serve a six (6) calendar month probationary period. In the event the probationary period is not satisfactorily completed, the affected employee shall be returned to Job Bank assignment and the employee's "bumping", layoff or transfer rights under the Agreement or other applicable authority shall be restored to the same extent such rights existed prior to the employee taking the probationary position. Upon the affected employee's first such return to the Job Bank, the employee shall be entitled to remain in the Job Bank for the greater of ten (10) business days, or the duration of the applicable Job Bank period, as determined under Article I, paragraph 2, that remained as of the date the employee began in the probationary position. The rate of compensation for the remainder of the employee's time in the Job Bank will be the same as the rate in effect as of the employee's last day in the probationary position. Return to the Job Bank terminates the employee's work in the probationary assignment and, therefore, time served following the return to the Job Bank shall not be construed to count toward the completion of the probationary period.

b. **Reassignment.** The Employer reserves the right to transfer an employee in the Job Bank to a new position and/or duty location within their job classification at a time determined to be appropriate by the Employer. Such reassignments terminate the affected employee's assignment to the Job Bank. If the Labor Agreement covering the job classification of the employee reassigned under this paragraph specifically permits a probationary period upon reassignment, the provisions of subparagraph a.iii., above, shall apply as if the reassignment had been a transfer.

c. **Recall Rights.** Employees who accept a position out of the Job Bank or who bump into a previously held position, or leave City employment on layoff shall retain recall rights to the title they held when assigned to the Job Bank in accordance with the collective bargaining agreement at the time of placement in the Job Bank.

- d. Filling Vacant Positions.** During the time the procedures outlined herein are in effect, position vacancies to be filled shall first be offered to regular employees who have a contractual right to be recalled to a position in the involved job classification or who may have a right to “bump” or transfer to the position, as the case may be. In such circumstances, the seniority provisions of the Agreement shall be observed. If no regular employee has a contractual right to the position, the following shall be given consideration in the order (priority) indicated below:

1 st Priority:	Qualified Job Bank employees
2 nd Priority:	Employees on a recall list
3 rd Priority:	Employee applicants from a list of eligibles
4 th Priority:	Displaced certified temporary employees
5 th Priority:	Non-employee applicants from a list of eligibles

The qualifications of an employee in the Job Bank or on a recall list shall be reviewed to determine whether they meet the qualifications for a vacant position. Whether the employee can be trained for a position within a reasonable time (not to exceed three months) shall be considered when determining the qualifications of an employee. If it is determined that the employee does not meet the qualifications for a vacant position, the employee may appeal to the Director of Human Resources. If it is determined that an employee in the Job Bank is qualified for a vacant position, the employee shall be selected. The appointing authority may appeal the issue of whether the employee is qualified. The dispute shall be presented to and resolved by the Job Bank Steering Committee.

If it is determined that an employee on a recall list is qualified for a vacant position, the employee will be given priority consideration and may be selected. Appeals regarding employees on a recall list and their qualifications for a position will be handled by the Civil Service Commission.

The grievance procedure under the Labor Agreement shall not apply to determinations as to qualifications of the employee for a vacant position.

- 3.** During their assignment to the Job Bank, affected employees will be provided an opportunity to meet with the Employer’s Placement Coordinator to discuss such matters as available employment opportunities with the Employer, skills assessments, training and/or retraining opportunities, out-placement assistance and related job transition subjects. Involvement in these activities will be at the discretion of the employee. Further, affected employees will be granted reasonable time off with pay for the purpose of attending approved skills assessment, training and job search activities. Displaced certified temporary employees are eligible for the benefits described in this paragraph. These services shall be provided to the Job Bank employee at no cost to the employee.

III. Layoff, Bumping and Retirement Considerations

- 1.** A “Primary Impact Employee” is an employee who enters the Job Bank due to the elimination of their position. A “Secondary Impact Employee” is an employee who enters the Job Bank because they may be displaced by a Primary Impact Employee. All affected employees may exercise the displacement, “bumping” and/or layoff rights immediately. A Primary Impact Employee must exercise displacement or bumping rights within forty-

five (45) days of entering the Job Bank (or within twenty-two [22] days of entering the Job Bank for an employee entitled to 30-days in the Job Bank). A Primary Impact Employee who exercises their displacement or bumping rights within the first thirty (30) days from entering the Job Bank (within the first fifteen [15] days for an employee entitled to 30-days in the Job Bank) shall have 8 hours added to the employee's vacation bank. A Secondary Impact Employee must exercise their displacement or bumping rights within seven (7) calendar days of being displaced or bumped. Displacement and bumping rights shall be forfeited unless exercised by the deadlines specified in this paragraph or in the provisions of 2.a *iii*, Lateral Transfers, above. Regardless of when bumping rights are exercised, any change in the compensation of the employee resulting from the exercise of bumping rights shall not take effect until after the employee's term in the Job Bank would have expired had the employee remained in the Job Bank for the maximum period.

2. If an affected employee is unable to exercise any "bumping" rights, or forfeits their bumping rights, under the Agreement or other authority and has not been placed in another City position, the employee shall be laid off and placed on the appropriate recall list with all rights pursuant to the relevant Labor Agreement provisions, if any, and all applicable Civil Service rules. In addition, they shall be eligible for the benefits described as follows:

(a) The level of coverage, single or family, shall continue at the level of coverage in effect for the laid off employee as of the date of layoff.

(b) The health/dental plan that shall be continued shall be the plan in effect for the employees as of the date of layoff.

(c) The City shall pay one hundred (100) percent of the premiums for the first six (6) months of COBRA continuance at the level of coverage and plan selected by the employee and in effect on the date of the layoff.

The terms of this provision relating to the continuation of insurance benefits will expire on December 31, 2024. The City Council must take specific action to extend these terms relating to the continuation of insurance benefits if the City Council wants those specific insurance benefits to apply to laid off employees after December 31, 2024.

3. If eligible, affected employees may elect retirement from active employment under the provisions of an applicable pension or retirement plan. In such event, affected employees will be eligible for any available Retirement Incentive that is agreed to by the Parties.

IV. Dispute Resolution. Disputes regarding the application or interpretation of this Agreement are subject to the grievance procedure under the Labor Agreement between the parties, except as specifically provided here. A dispute regarding the application or interpretation of this Agreement that needs to be resolved during an employee's time in the Job Bank may be submitted to the Job Bank Steering Committee. The decision of the Job Bank Steering Committee will be binding on the parties. Submission to the Job Bank Steering Committee shall not preclude the filing of a grievance on the issue. However, the decision of the Steering Committee shall be admissible in an arbitration hearing on such grievance.

The provisions of this *Letter of Agreement* associated with the Job Bank Program shall become effective

ATTACHMENT C

CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

And

**MINNEAPOLIS CITY
SUPERVISORS ASSOCIATION**

LETTER OF AGREEMENT Return to Work/Job Bank Program and Related Matters

The City of Minneapolis and the MINNEAPOLIS CITY SUPERVISORS ASSOCIATION (hereinafter referred to as the *Employer* and the *Association*, respectively or the *Parties*, collectively) have entered into a collective bargaining agreement (the *Agreement*) dated **January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2021**. The Agreement covers the terms and conditions of employment of certain employees of the Employer who are represented for purposes of collective bargaining by the Association. This Letter of Agreement outlines additional agreements between the Parties which were reached during the term of the Agreement and which the Parties now desire to confirm.

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE RETURN TO WORK PROGRAM:

The employee's Return to Work Program provides for the timely return to work of employees injured on the job who have temporary and/or permanent restrictions. This program will assist active employees in finding temporary assignments within their medical restrictions; it is not intended to provide services to temporary employees or sworn employees. Participation in the Return to Work Program is based on a medical release to return to work. Upon receipt of the medical release, the employer shall make every effort to provide appropriate work activity within three (3) working days of the receipt of the medical release.

If there is a question about the employee's medical release, the City's consulting physician shall make the final determination of an employee's ability to return to work. If the employer is unable to offer appropriate work within the employee's limitations, the employer shall provide for the employer's portion of the health care benefit while the employee is in the Return to Work Program. Continuing eligibility in the Return to Work Program is based upon receipt of medical data documenting the employee's functional improvement. In addition, compliance with the Workers' Compensation Statutes, Return to Work Policy, Minneapolis Code of Ordinances §20.860, applicable rules and this Agreement is mandatory. Compliance will be monitored by the Claims Coordinators/Return to Work Coordinator. Failure to comply with the requirements of this program may result in termination of their participation. Compliance with the program will be determined by the employer.

RETURN TO WORK PROCESS:

Eligibility: Injured, non-sworn, City employees who have been permanently certified or appointed and were injured on the job after June 1, 1995.

RTW – Phase I

When an injured employee receives medical restrictions that prevent return to the preinjury job, the employee is placed in the Return to Work Program. Placement attempts for injured employees shall first be to the employee's existing job, if restrictions permit, then to modified duty assignments within the employee's originating unit, then to modified duty assignments within the employee's originating department. If no modified duty assignment is currently available in the employee's department, placement will take place through a citywide search. The employee will continue to receive their pre-injury salary and benefits for the first thirty (30) days after the medical release with restrictions. While so assigned, however, injured employees may be required to perform duties outside of their assigned job classifications and/or they may be required to perform such duties in a different location, as determined by the Employer.

RTW – Phase II

If continued medical restrictions prevent the employee from returning to the preinjury position, the employee shall continue in the Return to Work Program until Maximum Medical Improvement (MMI) and/or permanent restrictions are reached. After the initial thirty (30) days of temporary assignment the employee will be detailed to a job classification that most accurately reflects the duties they are or will be performing. Wage losses attributable to assignment to a modified duty assignment or due to restrictions that reduce time at work will be paid at the temporary partial disability rate, in accordance with the Workers' Compensation Act.

If at any time during this Program the employee does not follow the work restrictions of the physician or refuses a light duty assignment, they will be removed from the program.

RTW – Phase III

JOB BANK PROCESS:

The employer has created a Job Bank component to the Return to Work Program. The purpose of the Return to Work/Job Bank Program is to assist the injured worker in returning to a different job within the City if the employee is unable to perform the duties of the preinjury position as a result of a work injury arising out of and in the course of employment for the City. It is the employer's intention, to the extent feasible under the circumstances, to identify employment opportunities for employees through reassignment, retraining and out-placement support. One of the goals of the Return to Work/Job Bank is to minimize, to the extent possible, the disruption normally associated with work-related injuries and return to work in alternative positions. Mutual cooperation and participation is necessary in order to accomplish this objective.

1. Eligibility: When the injured employee reaches Maximum Medical Improvement (MMI) and/or permanent restrictions and those restrictions prevent the employee from returning to the preinjury position, they shall be afforded the Job Bank Program if one so exists.
2. The services and benefits of the Job Bank will apply to employees injured on the job as long as the employee complies with the Workers' Compensation Statutes, Return to Work Policy, Minneapolis Code of Ordinances §20.860, applicable rules and this Agreement. Employee compliance will be determined by the City. These services and benefits include:

- a) 120-day tenure
 - b) Job interviews/Placement opportunities
 - c) Skills assessment
 - d) Training opportunities
 - e) Job-seeking classes
 - f) Health insurance continuation, if separated from employment, as provided for in the Minneapolis Code of Ordinances, §20.900.
3. Employees will be offered a temporary light duty assignment consistent with the restrictions. If the employee declines the temporary light duty assignment they will have the option to use any accrued paid leave and will remain eligible for other Job Bank benefits. If the employee accepts the temporary light duty assignment they will receive the preinjury salary while in the Job Bank Program. Such salary will be paid by the Workers' Compensation fund.
 4. Any Family Medical Leave for which the employee is eligible will run concurrently with the employee's tenure in the Job Bank and with their use of accrued paid leave.
 5. The department that the employee came from has the primary responsibility for finding temporary assignments for the employee while in the Job Bank. The Return to Work Coordinator/Claims Coordinator, and Qualified Rehabilitation Consultant will aid in determining alternate assignments if the original department is unable to identify temporary work assignments.
 6. If the injured worker has not been placed in a permanent position after one hundred twenty (120) calendar days, they will be separated from City service.
 7. Failure to participate in a diligent job search or to comply with the requirements of the Workers' Compensation Law during participation in the Return to Work program or Job Bank may result in termination of Job Bank services and benefits.
 8. An employee has no further tenure in the Job Bank after a formal job offer has been made.

Filling Vacant Positions:

During the time the procedures outlined herein are in effect, position vacancies will be filled based on the employees' qualifications. During their assignment to Job Bank, injured workers will be provided an opportunity to meet with a City Placement Coordinator to discuss such matters as available employment opportunities with the City, skills assessments, training and/or retraining opportunities, out placement assistance and related job transition subjects. Further, affected employees will be granted reasonable time off with pay for the purpose of attending approved skills assessment training and job search activities.

- **Lateral Transfer.** Employees may request to be transferred to a vacant position in another job classification at the same MCSC grade level provided they meet the minimum qualifications for the position.
- **Seniority Upon Transfer.** In addition to earning job classification seniority in their new title, transferred employees shall continue to accrue job classification seniority in their former title and they shall have the right to return to their former title if the position to which they have transferred is later eliminated as long as the job requirements are consistent with the employee's permanent restrictions. In the event the transfer is to a

ATTACHMENT D

CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

And

MINNEAPOLIS CITY SUPERVISORS ASSOCIATION

LETTER OF AGREEMENT 2022 Health Plan

WHEREAS, the City of Minneapolis (hereinafter “City”) and the Minneapolis City Supervisors Association (hereinafter “Association”) are parties to a Collective Bargaining Agreement that is currently in force; and

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to provide quality health care at an affordable cost for the protection of employees, which requires a modification to the current CBA as it relates to the funding of the Health Plan beginning January 1, 2022;

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the parties agree as follows for the period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022:

1. The City will offer a medical plan with six (6) provider options. Medica Elect is a managed care model, Medica Choice is an open access model, and Fairview, North Memorial, HealthEast Vantage with Medica, Park Nicollet First with Medica, Ridgeview Community Network and Clear Value (Hennepin Health) are accountable care organizations (ACOs). Medica Self-Insured (“Medica”) is providing certain administrative services, including claims processing, for all plan options. Notwithstanding any provision in the CBA to the contrary, coverage for an employee who meets the eligibility requirements set forth in the CBA shall start on the first day of the month following the employee’s date of hire, provided the employee has timely submitted the proper enrollment forms.
2. The City will continue a dual medical premium equivalent system that provides incentives for wellness program completion. The monthly medical premium equivalents for subscribers who earn the required wellness program points by August 31, 2021 (the “wellness premiums equivalents”) will be lower than the premium equivalents for subscribers who do not earn the required wellness program points by August 31, 2021 (the “standard premium equivalents”). Any changes to the wellness program requirements, including those implemented for 2022, will be as agreed upon by the Benefits Subcommittee of the Citywide Labor Management Committee. For 2022, the “wellness premium equivalent” will also apply to all employees who are newly enrolled in the medical plan after June 1, 2021. The wellness program requirements for 2022 (specifically the 3,000-point threshold to earn the incentive and the point structure are set forth on the MyMedica.com “My Health Rewards” member portal) are as agreed upon by the Benefits Sub-committee of the Citywide Labor Management Committee.
3. For the period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022, the City will pay \$604.00 per month for employees who elect single coverage under the medical plan. For the period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022, the City will pay \$1,634.00 per month for employees who elect family coverage under the medical plan. The total monthly rate and the respective employer and employee monthly contributions for the period for the period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 are as set forth in Appendix A. The parties agree to these rates even though they do not reflect the cost-sharing percentages of 82.5% (City) and 17.5% (employees) required under the prior Letters of Agreement between the Parties. The City agrees to these rates for 2022 as consideration for adjustments made by the Union for the 2021 rates. The Union agrees that the 2022 rates reflect fair and adequate consideration for its 2021 adjustments.
4. The City will continue the Health Reimbursement Arrangement (“the HRA”) which was established January 1, 2004 to provide reimbursement of eligible health expenses for participating employees, their spouse and other eligible

City of Minneapolis 2022 Medical Plan Rates

Medical Plan	Full Cost	City Contribution		Employee Contribution		HRA/VEBA Contribution	
<i>Wellness Rate</i>							
<i>Full-time Employees</i>							
		Monthly	Semi-Monthly	Monthly	Semi-Monthly	Monthly	Annual
Medica Elect							
Single	\$662.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$58.00	\$29.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,848.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$214.00	\$107.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Medica Choice							
Single	\$716.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$112.00	\$56.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,990.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$356.00	\$178.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Vantage Plus, Medica ACO							
Single	\$628.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$24.00	\$12.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,752.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$118.00	\$59.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Park Nicollet, Medica ACO							
Single	\$608.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$4.00	\$2.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,700.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$66.00	\$33.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Ridgeview Community Network, Medica ACO							
Single	\$608.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$4.00	\$2.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,700.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$66.00	\$33.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Clear Value (Hennepin Health), Medica ACO							
Single	\$608.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$4.00	\$2.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,700.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$66.00	\$33.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Standard Rates							
<i>Full-time Employees</i>							
		Monthly	Semi-Monthly	Monthly	Semi-Monthly	Monthly	Annual
Medica Elect							
Single	\$712.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$108.00	\$54.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,988.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$354.00	\$177.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Medica Choice							
Single	\$766.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$162.00	\$81.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$2,130.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$496.00	\$248.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Vantage Plus, Medica ACO							
Single	\$674.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$70.00	\$35.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,882.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$248.00	\$124.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Park Nicollet, Medica ACO							
Single	\$654.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$50.00	\$25.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,830.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$196.00	\$98.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Ridgeview Community Network, Medica ACO							
Single	\$654.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$50.00	\$25.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,830.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$196.00	\$98.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00
Clear Value (Hennepin Health), Medica ACO							
Single	\$654.00	\$604.00	\$302.00	\$50.00	\$25.00	\$90.00	\$1,080.00
Family	\$1,830.00	\$1,634.00	\$817.00	\$196.00	\$98.00	\$190.00	\$2,280.00

Delta Dental Plan	City Contribution	Employee Contribution
<i>Full-time Employees</i>		
	Monthly	Monthly
Active - Single & Family	\$68.00	-
COBRA - Single	-	\$33.00
COBRA - Family	-	\$90.00

ATTACHMENT E

CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

And

**MINNEAPOLIS CITY
SUPERVISORS ASSOCIATION**

**LETTER OF AGREEMENT
Supervisor, Forensic Science Court Stand-By Pay**

WHEREAS, the City of Minneapolis (hereinafter "Employer") and the Minneapolis City Supervisors Association (hereinafter "Association"), (the Employer and Association are hereinafter referred to as the "Parties") have made and entered into a labor agreement by and between the Parties, effective January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2024 (hereinafter "Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, certain non-exempt members of the bargaining unit employed in the Police Department may be required to serve as a witness in court on behalf of the City at times that such employees are not scheduled to work; and

WHEREAS, The Employer desires that such employees be available to testify, if called upon;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY AGREED, that:

1. Employees of the Police Department in the classification of Supervisor Forensic Science may be subject to stand-by at times which fall outside the normally scheduled work hours, to serve as a witness in court. Such employees will receive clear advance notice of court stand-by, and clear advance notice of the cancellation of court stand-by.
2. When required to be available as a witness for court matters, such employees shall be compensated at the prevailing rate for the classification for a minimum of two (2) hours of pay for each occurrence which falls outside the normally scheduled hours.

THE PARTIES have caused this Letter of Agreement to be executed by their duly authorized representatives whose signatures appear below.

FOR THE EMPLOYER:

FOR THE ASSOCIATION:

Holland Atkinson
Director, Labor Relations

Date

Jim Michels
Legal Counsel, MFA

Date

ATTACHMENT G

CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

And

MINNEAPOLIS CITY
SUPERVISORS ASSOCIATION

LETTER OF AGREEMENT
Clarification of Classification Seniority
For Employees with the Same Classification Date
Due to the Reclassification of a Group of Employees

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the City of Minneapolis (hereinafter "Employer") and the Minneapolis City Supervisors Association, (hereinafter "Association") are parties to a collective bargaining agreement that is currently in force; and

WHEREAS, the Parties desire to recognize original certification dates of multiple incumbents in titles that have been reclassified for purposes of layoff; and

WHEREAS, the current collective bargaining agreement of the Parties regarding Position Audit Studies in Section 6.07, Subd. 1, states that "The effective date of the reclassification for pay and seniority purposes shall be the date upon which the involved employee submitted a request for reclassification"; and

WHEREAS, this language has resulted in multiple incumbents in a single classification having certification dates adjusted to the same date; and

WHEREAS, this would lead to City Seniority rather than classification seniority being the determining factor in the event of layoffs;

AGREEMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY AGREED:

The Parties agree that in situations where multiple incumbents have the same classification dates due to reclassification or reevaluation of their classification title, that the City will use the previous classification certification date for each incumbent to that title, provided there are no other incumbents in the title, whether or not there was a title or grade change, for the purpose of layoffs in that classification.

In situations where the above identified change(s) occur where there are incumbents, the newly classified group shall be a separate group at the bottom of the seniority list. For this group, distinctions

ATTACHMENT H

CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

And

**MINNEAPOLIS CITY
SUPERVISORS ASSOCIATION**

LETTER OF AGREEMENT

Clarification of 7th Day Pay Calculations in Overtime Threshold Calculations

WHEREAS, the City of Minneapolis (hereinafter “Employer”) and the Minneapolis City Supervisors Association (hereinafter “Association”) are parties to a collective bargaining agreement (the “Labor Agreement”; and,

WHEREAS, the Parties have agreed to clarify language regarding seventh (7th) day pay for members of the Association’s bargaining unit;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY AGREED:

1. Seventh day pay will be paid at two (2) times an employee’s regular rate of pay for all time worked on shifts that start on the seventh (7th) consecutive day of work.
2. Hours worked that qualify for seventh day pay are “hours of work” that count towards meeting the forty (40) hour per week overtime threshold.
3. Although seventh day pay is referenced in Section 9.03 subd. 3 of the Labor Agreement seventh day pay is premium pay and is not overtime pay as defined by the Fair Labor Standards Act or the Labor Agreement.

THE PARTIES have caused this Letter of Agreement to be executed by their duly authorized representative whose signatures appear below.

FOR THE EMPLOYER:

FOR THE ASSOCIATION:

Holland Atkinson
Director, Labor Relations

Date

Jim Michels
Legal Counsel, MFA

Date

ATTACHMENT I

CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS

And

MINNEAPOLIS CITY
SUPERVISORS ASSOCIATION

LETTER OF AGREEMENT Arbitrator Panel Maintenance

WHEREAS, The City of Minneapolis (hereinafter “Employer”) and the Minneapolis City Supervisors Association (hereinafter “Association”), jointly “The Parties”, are Parties to a Collective Bargaining Agreement (hereinafter “Labor Agreement”) that is currently in effect.

WHEREAS, Section 3.04, subd. 5 of the Labor Agreement provides for the creation of a panel of arbitrators to be used for grievance arbitration.

WHEREAS, Section 3.04, subd. 5 of the Labor Agreement does not establish procedures for maintaining the panel of arbitrators.

WHEREAS, The Parties now desire to establish procedures to be used to maintain the panel of arbitrators.

NOW THEREFORE, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

AGREEMENT

1. The panel will consist of no fewer than five (5) and no more than eight (8) arbitrators.
2. An arbitrator will be removed from the panel upon the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - a. Written mutual agreement between the Employer and Minneapolis Board of Business Agents (MBBA) speaking for the unions who have agreed to the panel.
 - b. The arbitrator is no longer on the BMS Panel.
 - c. The arbitrator has resigned, retired, died, become disabled or has been unavailable to hear cases for a period of longer than twelve (12) months.
 - d. The arbitrator no longer maintains a residence or office in the State of Minnesota, unless the Employer and the MBBA mutually agree to retain the arbitrator.
3. If there is a vacancy on the panel the following procedures will be used to fill the vacancy:
 - a. First Step
 - i. The Employer and the MBBA will each submit a list of five (5) arbitrators they propose to add to the panel to the President of the Minneapolis Board of Business Agents, or in

their absence, the Labor Co-chairperson of the Minneapolis Citywide Labor Management Committee.

- ii. Any arbitrator whose name is common to both lists will be eligible for selection.
 - iii. If the number of common names exceeds the number of vacancies, the Parties may:
 - 1. Keep all the commonly identified arbitrators for the Panel as long as the panel does not exceed 8 arbitrators, or
 - 2. Select via blind draw the name(s) to be selected to fill the vacancies.
 - b. Second Step. If there are no common names on the lists submitted, then the Employer and the MBBA will:
 - i. review the Bureau of Mediation Service’s Roster of arbitrators;
 - ii. eliminate all current Panel members;
 - iii. eliminate each Roster member who does not maintain a residence or office in Minnesota, unless the Employer and the MBBA mutually agree to retain the “out-of-state” arbitrator;
 - iv. independently strike the names of the number of arbitrators that represents 25% of the pool of Roster members that remains after step iii, above;
 - v. Establish a list of the arbitrators whose names remain on the list after the preceding steps;
 - vi. After the President of the Board of Business Agents or the Labor Co-chairperson of the Minneapolis Citywide Labor Management Committee has overseen a coin toss to determine which party will make the first strike from the remaining list, the Employer and the MBBA will use the “Alternate Strike” method to reduce the remaining list of arbitrators until the needed number is reached.
 - c. An arbitrator selected from this process will be added to the panel, subject to their acceptance of the assignment and agreement as to availability, commitment and the acceptability of their established fee structure.
- 4. Periodically, but not less than once every three (3) years, the Employer and the MBBA will review the list, re-verify each arbitrator’s availability and commitment, and approve the fee structure.
 - 5. This Agreement will be appended to the Labor Agreement and will renew automatically with each successor Labor Agreement unless terminated or amended by the written agreement of the Parties.

FOR THE CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS:

FOR THE ASSOCIATION:

Holland Atkinson Date
Director, Labor Relations

Jim Michels Date
Legal Counsel, MFA