

1990 and 2000 CENSUS : BANCROFT NEIGHBORHOOD

Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics

Subject	1990	2000
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Total Population 16 years and over	2,539	2,740
In labor force	1,862	2,060
Civilian labor force	1,856	2,060
Employed	1,715	1,965
Unemployed	141	95
Percent of civilian labor force	7.6%	4.6%
Armed Forces	6	0
Not in labor force	677	685
Females 16 years and over	1,424	1,415
In labor force	975	990
Civilian labor force	975	990
Employed	909	945
Own children under 6 years	206	310
All parents in family in labor force	200	180
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years and over	1,691	1,940
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	1,168	1,355
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	166	200
Public transportation (including taxicab)	224	235
Walked	46	35
Other means	6	10
Worked at home	60	105
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	N/A	22
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage and salary workers	1,241	1,530
Government workers	312	255
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated business	162	150
Unpaid family workers	0	30
INCOME		
Households	1,415	1,425
Less than \$10,000	75	65
\$10,000 to \$14,999	122	50
\$15,000 to \$24,999	347	210
\$25,000 to \$34,999	293	250
\$35,000 to \$49,999	397	260
\$50,000 to \$74,999	145	360
\$75,000 to \$99,999	22	135
\$100,000 to \$149,999	8	70
\$150,000 or more	6	25

Subject	1990	2000
Median Household income	\$ 31,672	\$ 42,656
Total Households with earnings	1,188	1270
Mean earnings	\$ 32,424	\$ 56,661
Total Households with Social Security income	276	190
Mean Social Security income	\$ 9,048	\$ 10,536
Total Households with Supplemental Security income	N/A	30
Mean Supplemental Security income	N/A	\$ 6,076
Total Households with Public Assistance income	87	60
Mean Public Assistance income	\$ 5,492	\$ 2,518
Total Households with Retirement income	167	135
Mean Retirement income	\$ 6,832	\$ 6,688
Families		
Less than \$10,000	29	40
\$10,000 to \$14,999	61	20
\$15,000 to \$24,999	181	100
\$25,000 to \$34,999	181	115
\$35,000 to \$49,999	247	130
\$50,000 to \$74,999	82	255
\$75,000 to \$99,999	13	90
\$100,000 to \$149,999	0	30
\$150,000 or more	0	15
Median family income	\$ 31,713	\$ 49,375
POPULATION BELOW POVERTY LEVEL (see Definition below *)		
Families		
With related children under 18 years	26	55
With related children under 5 years	5	10
Families with female householder-no husband present		
With related children under 18 years	17	10
With related children under 5 years	5	0
Individuals		
18 years and over	114	210
65 years and over	6	15
Related children under 18 years	17	105
Related children 5 to 17 years	0	85
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	110
POPULATION FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED		
Families		
With related children under 18 years	433	485
With related children under 5 years	155	185
Families with female householder-no husband present		
With related children under 18 years	138	140
With related children under 5 years	39	40
Individuals		
18 years and over	2491	2670
65 years and over	352	205
Related children under 18 years	148	910
Related children 5 to 17 years	80	655
Unrelated children 15 years and over	N/A	960

Due to changes in how the Census Bureau defined occupational and industrial categories, data from 1990 and 2000 cannot be compared directly and are therefore presented separately

1990 Census Occupational and Industrial categories

Employed civilian population 16 years and over	
	1,715
OCCUPATION	
Managerial and professional specialty occupations:	
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	185
Professional specialty occupations	319
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations:	
Technicians and related support occupations	122
Sales occupations	173
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	317
Services occupations:	
Private household occupations	6
Protective service occupations	4
Service occupations, except protective and household	209
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	15
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	151
Operators, fabricators, and laborers:	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	87
Transportation and material moving occupations	66
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	61
INDUSTRY	
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	13
Mining	-
Construction	61
Manufacturing, nondurable goods	106
Manufacturing, durable goods	100
Transportation	109
Communications and other public utilities	41
Wholesale trade	92
Retail trade	195
Finance, insurance, and real estate	168
Business and repair services	80
Personal services	41
Entertainment and recreation services	30
Professional and related services:	
Health services	309
Educational services	87
Other professional and related services	209
Public administration	74

2000 Census Occupational and Industrial categories

Employed civilian population 16 years and over	
	1,965
OCCUPATION	
Management, professional, and related occupations	
	705
Service occupations	
	390
Sales and office occupations	
	490
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	
	0
Construction, extraction, and maintenance occupations	
	100
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	
	275
INDUSTRY	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	
	0
Construction	
	70
Manufacturing	
	255
Wholesale trade	
	25
Retail trade	
	215
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	
	145
Information	
	65
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and leasing	
	140
Professional, scientific, management, administrative, and waste management services	
	215
Educational, health and social services	
	425
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services	
	200
Other services (except public administration)	
	130
Public administration	
	75

Prepared by City of Minneapolis
Community Planning and Economic Development Dept.

March 2005

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 1990 and 2000

(*) Poverty definition.

Following the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) Directive 14, the Census Bureau uses a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to detect who is poor. If a family's total income is less than that family's threshold, then that family, and every individual in it, is considered poor. The poverty thresholds do not vary geographically, but they are updated annually for inflation with the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U). The official poverty definition counts money income before taxes and excludes capital gains and noncash benefits (such as public housing, medicaid, and food stamps). The link to 1990 poverty thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh89.html> and the link to the comparable 2000 thresholds is: <http://www.census.gov/hhes/poverty/threshld/thresh99.html>